



Финансирано от
Европейския съюз
NextGenerationEU



BiOrgaMST
Биоактивни органични и неорганични
авангардни материали и чисти технологии



МИНИСТЕРСТВО
НА ОБРАЗОВАНИЕТО
И НАУКАТА

THE EDGE

Технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии

Петко Русков, 12 октомври 2023 г.

10/16/2023

PR TT&TC 20231012





024

ДАБ Юни 2009





24

ДАБ Юни 2009





24

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Imagga 2008



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Build the next generation of **Image Recognition** Applications with **Imagga's API**.

Empowering intelligent apps with our **customizable** machine learning technology.

Get a Free API Key



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Thermography AI for easy diagnostics in every context



For Specialists

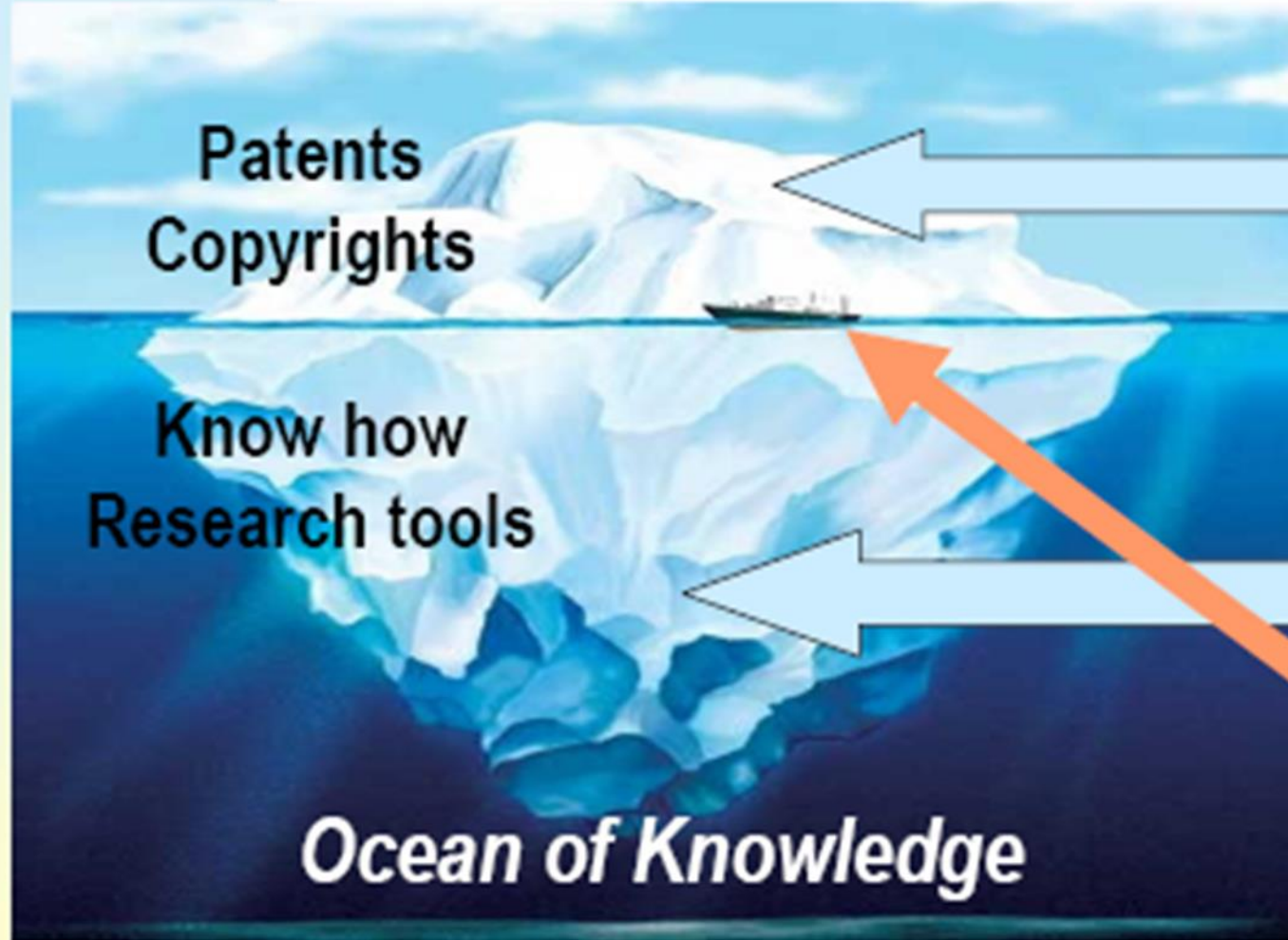
Precise, faster, and cost-efficient vascular diagnostics in every vascular department

For Pharma

Get wider access to relevant patients early in the patient journey

For Patients

Accessible, precise, non-invasive screening and follow up monitoring



*Intellectual
Property available
for licensing*

*Collaborative
Research
Opportunities*

Spin-outs



• 2024



“Информационно общество”



11.10.2023 г.

*Courtesy of
Steve Denning, World Bank*

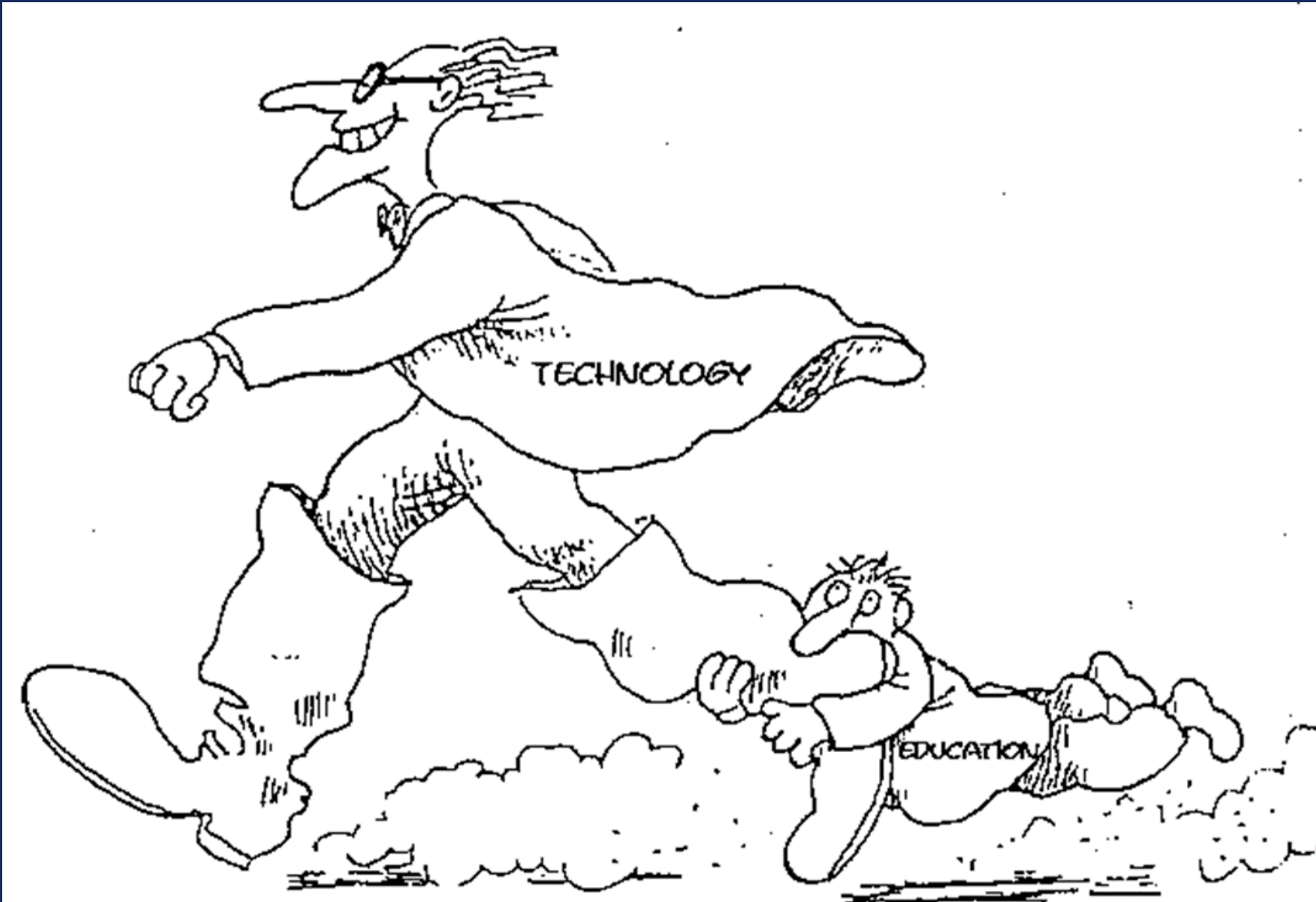
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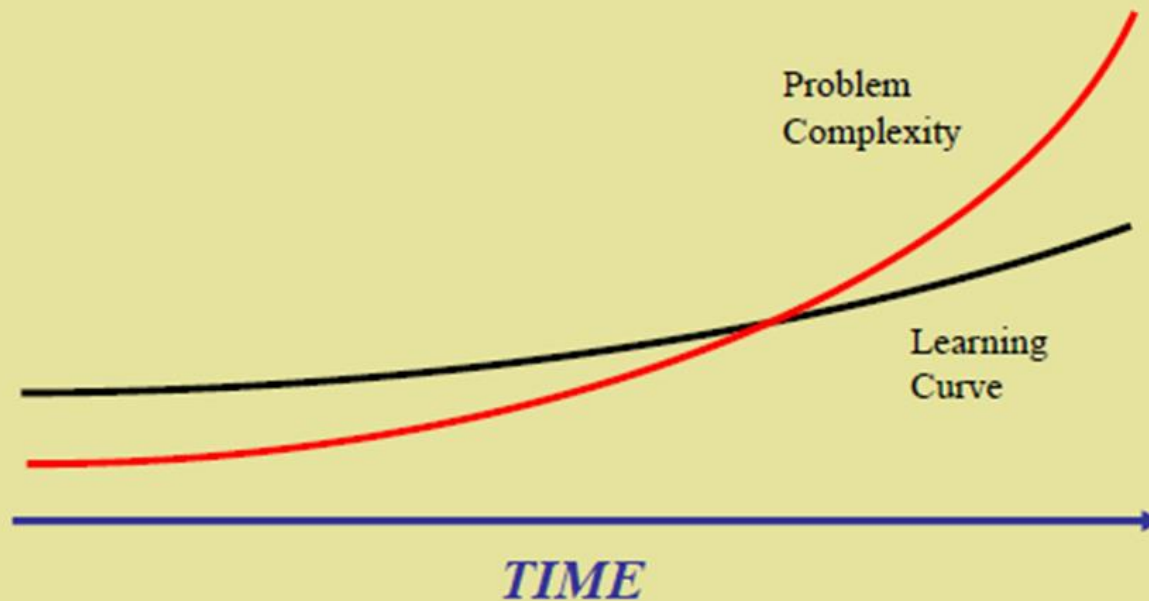


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The Professional Entrepreneur

Fast growing firm

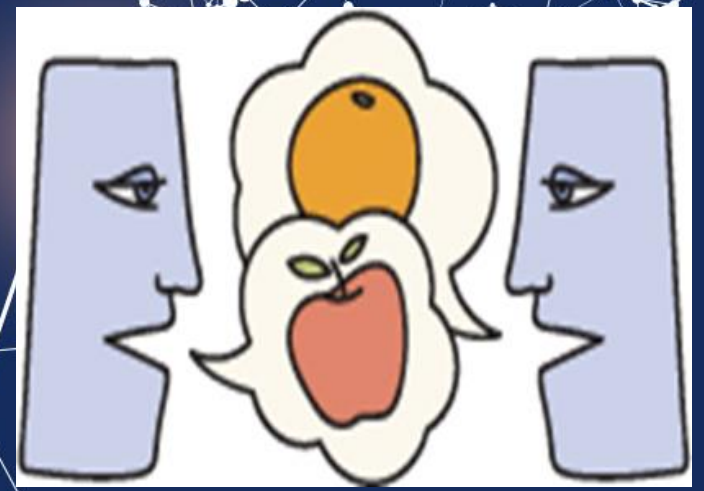


2024

2023



Pareto 80/20





Съдържанието днес:

Тема

Продължителност мин.

1. *Представяне на участниците*
2. *Представяне на програмата и дефиниции*
3. *Голямата картина за ТТ и ТК*
4. *Институции и източници на информация*
5. *Начин на мислене (знания, умения и нагласи)*
- Кафе пауза и разговори*
6. *Бърз преглед на програмата*
7. *Пример за предприемачество в химията в света и България*
8. *Заключение, рефлексия. Въпроси и Отговори*

15

20

60

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5

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90

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2024

2023

2021





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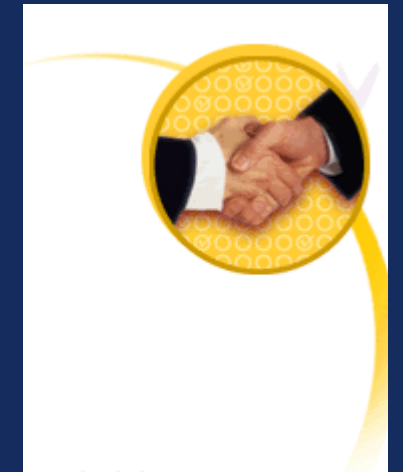
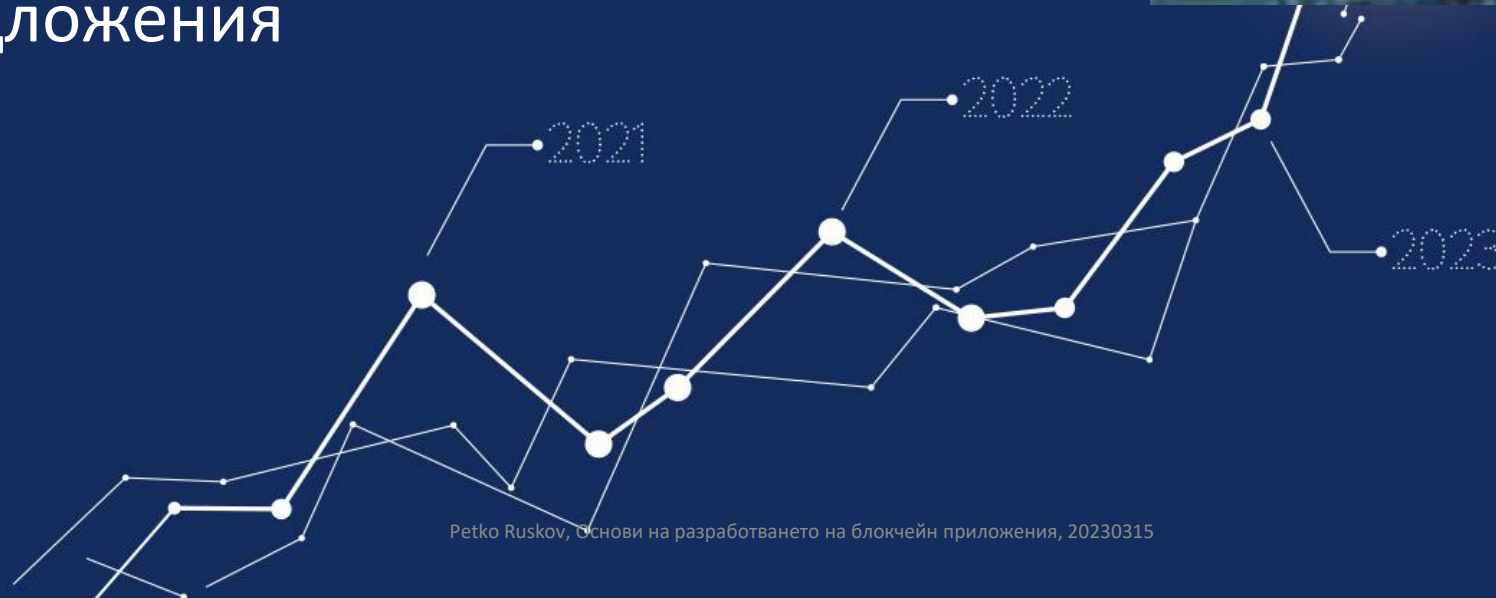


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1. Представяне на участниците

- Име
- Образование/позиция
- Опит
- Очаквания от програмата
-Предложения



2. Представяне на програмата и дефиниции



Описание и цели на обучението

Целта на обучението е иновативното преобразуване на приложното, научно и технологично знание в търговски продукти и услуги. Обучаемите ще оценяват реалните технологии и търговския им потенциал по отношение на лицензиране и/или развитие на предприятие. Разглеждат се понятия, свързани с технологията и комерсиализацията ѝ. Въвеждат се практики за подобряване и ускоряване на процеса на комерсиализация — от решенията, взети от учени в научни лаборатории, чрез развитие, патентоване и лицензиране на нови технологии до формирането на предприемачески предприятия (старт-ъпи и спин-офи). Обучението включва лекции, обсъждания и практически занятия, както и привличане на експерти, практикуващи технологична комерсиализация. При занятията ще се използват реални научни и научно-приложни изследвания за комерсиализация в науки като информационни технологии, химия, биотехнологии и нанотехнологии. Основните цели са:

1. Разбиране на основните понятия и възможности в областта на трансфер на технологии и технологичната комерсиализация.
2. Разбиране на метода на оценка на технологиите и техния потенциал за комерсиализация.
3. Разбиране на етапите, които технологията изминава от лабораторията до пазара.
4. Проучване на ролята и защитата на интелектуалната собственост.

2024



Очаквани резултати^α

Обучението и дискусиите в курса „Технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии” са насочени към овладяване на практически знания, умения и отношение за технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на високи технологии, а именно:¶

1. **Знания** за откритие и иновация и техния жизнен цикъл, основни понятия и възможности в областта на технологиите, оценка на техния потенциал за комерсиализация. ¶
2. **Умения**, придобити от дискусиите, практическото разработване и експериментите за етапите, които технологията изминава от лабораторията до пазара. ¶
3. **Отношения** към откритие и иновация, капитализиране на феномена на пробивните и отворени иновации, жизнен цикъл и защита на интелектуалната собственост и лицензиране. α

	Теми	Хорариум
1.	История и динамика на развитие на технологиите и промените им. Научни изследвания. От теория към практика. Развиващите се пазари. Предимствата на глобализацията.	1 ч.
2.	Технологии – стандарти, референтни модели и технологична документация, Body Of Knowledge, Управление на технологиите. Европейски политики.	1 ч.
3.	Процес за технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии. Обхват и цели. Модели. Сценарии за процес на трансфер на технологии. Въведение и преглед на оценка на технологиите.	4 ч.
4.	Дилемата на иноваторите. Креативност, откритие и иновация. Добавена стойност. Жизнен цикъл. Капитализиране на феномена на пробивните иновации.	1 ч.
5.	Технологични изследвания и разработване на продукти. Нива на готовност на технологията (TRL). Commercialization Readiness Level (CRL). Commercial Readiness Index (CRI). Методика за оценка и инструменти на иновативни проекти. Примери. Класификация. Управление на промените.	2 ч.
6.	Иновации и интелектуална собственост, IP, IPR. Права и защита – Авторско право. The European Patent Office (EPO) и патентно ведомство на Република България.	3 ч.
7.	Дълбоки технологии. Разработване на високи технологии в академични институции и в партньорство с голяма компания.	2 ч.
8.	Стратегии за технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии. Конкурентна стратегия. Световни и национални политики.	3 ч.
9.	Разработване на модел за ефективен трансфер на високи технологии. Оценка на стартиращата компания. Примери.	3 ч.
10.	Финансиране на технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии и растеж на стартираща фирма. Етапи. Пропаст между наука и бизнес.	2 ч.
11.	Разработване на план за технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии при химико технологични изследвания.	3 ч.
12.	Разработване на иновативни продукти и услуги в химията. Manufacturing Readiness Level (MRL). Хибридни иновативни продукти и услуги.	2 ч.
13.	Представяне на проект за технологичен трансфер и комерсиализация на технологии. Етапи на развитие и форми на представяне.	2 ч.
14.	Технологичен напредък и глобални пазари. Нови видове възможности, конкуренти и заплахи. Глобализация и предприемаческа екосистема.	1 ч.
	ОБЩО	30 ч.





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И НАУКАТА

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С какво ще си тръгна след дискусията?

Рамка на занятията

Теория



Практика

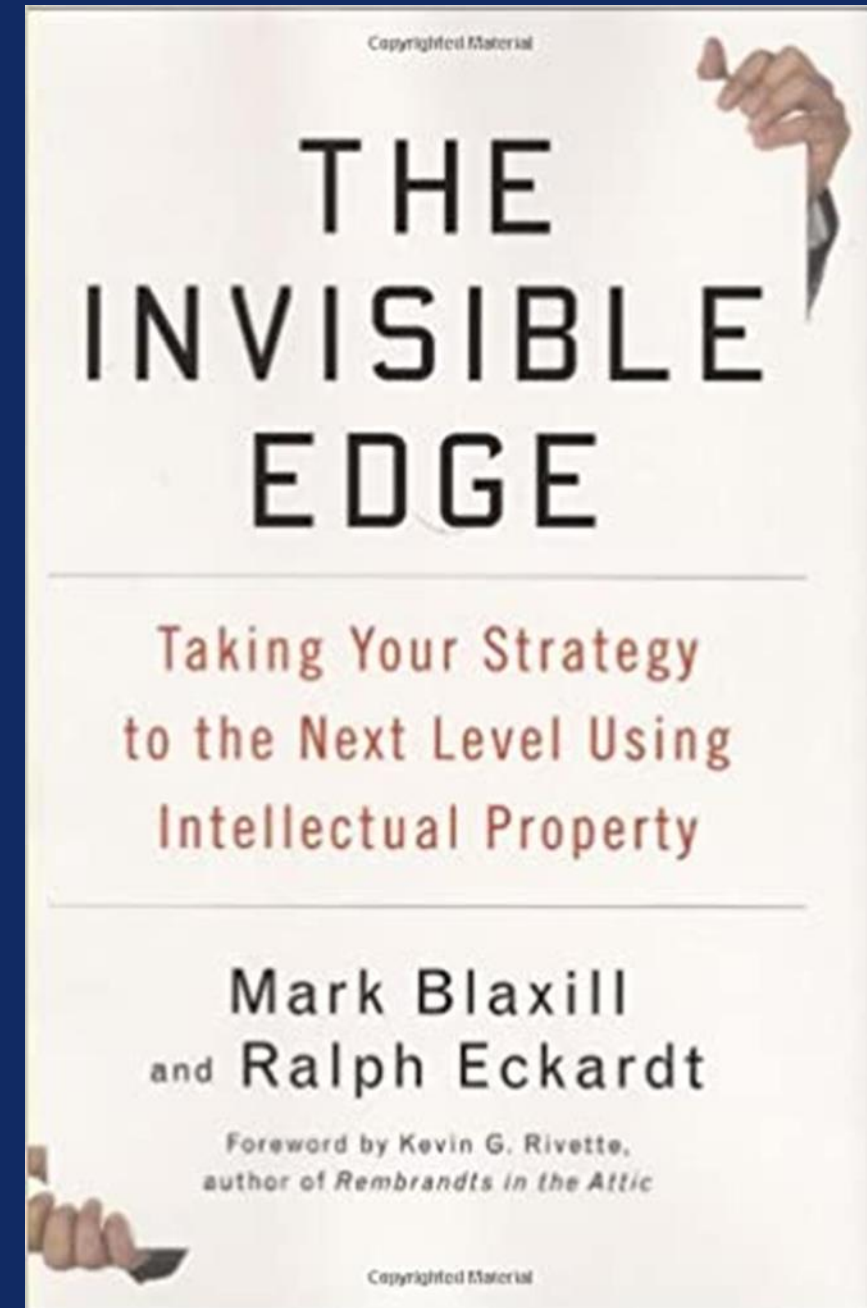
- Тема 1
- Тема 2
- ...
- Въпроси и отговори

- Дискусия
- Упражнения
 - Работа в екипи
 - use cases
- Рефлексия



The Invisible Edge: *Taking Your Strategy to the Next Level Using Intellectual Property, 2009*

by Mark Blaxill, Ralph Eckardt



THE R&D INNOVATION CLUSTER OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

KOREA INNOVATION FOUNDATION

Transforming the Future of Korea

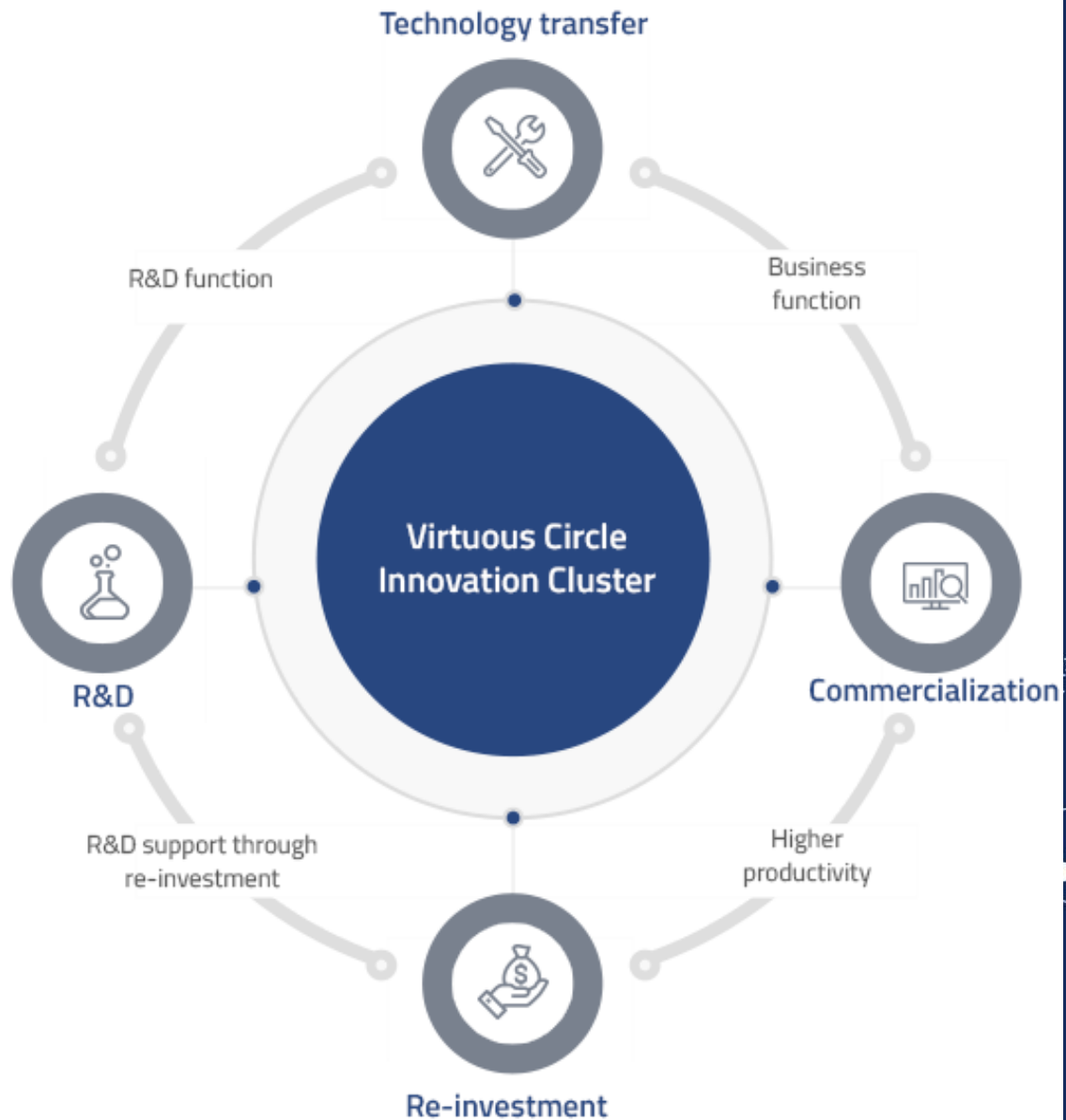
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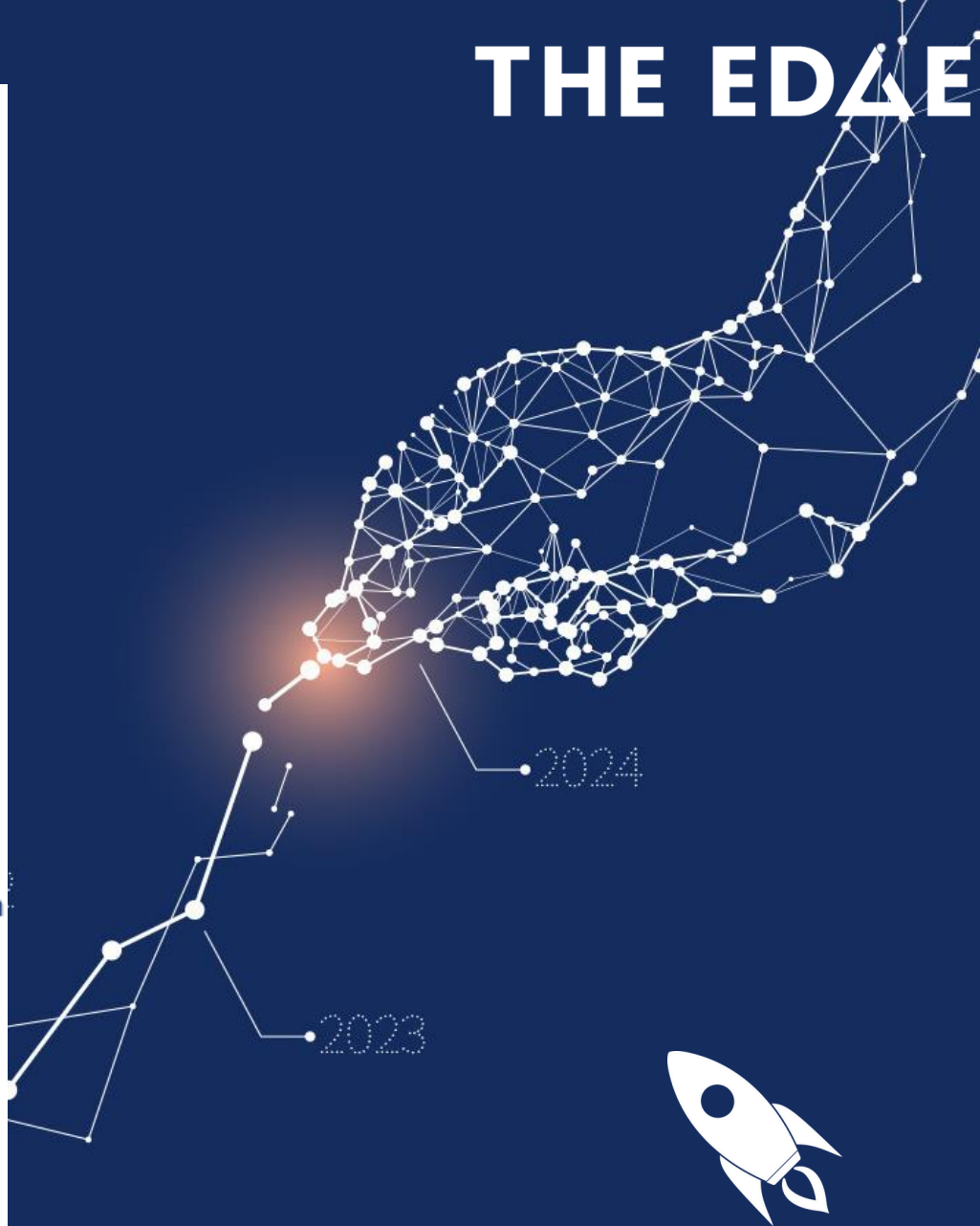
12 OCT 2022

[Science Belt, expanding non-face-to-face services](#)

An Innovation Cluster with a Virtuous Circle of R&D, Tech Commercialization, Re-investment



20230315



The screenshot shows the LinkedIn interface for a group. At the top, there is a search bar and navigation icons for Home, My Network, Jobs, Messaging, and Notifications. The group profile section on the left includes the owner's name, Petko Ruskov, and the group's creation date, Nov 2015. It also shows 0 pending posts and 14 requests to join. The main content area features the group's cover image, a profile picture, and the group name: 'Alumni Group of Korea-STP Training Program'. Below the name, it is identified as a 'Private Listed' group and offers a link to 'Earn an Active Group badge'. A promotional banner at the bottom of the main area reads 'Set your group up for success' with 'Previous' and 'Next' navigation arrows. The banner contains a globe icon and the text: 'Making this group public could 1.5x its reach' with a close button (X). Below this, it states: 'From now until January 4, 2024 UTC, you can make this group public. [Learn more](#)'. On the far left, a 'Recent' section lists several posts, including one by Sabine Rehaber and another about blockchain.



2024



The World Leading Center for Global Commercialization



모빌리티·로봇

공지사항 2023 글로벌 생명산업 협력컨퍼런스사업 참여기업 모집공고

🕒 2023-10-06



포토뉴스



GCCW Global Commercialization Conference and Workshop



국내외 정부기관, 연구기관, 산업체 및 협회, 각분야의 글로벌 전문가가 한데 모여 글로벌 협력체계를 구축하는 비즈니스 창출 기회의 장

소개



프로그램



참가등록



공지사항



문의하기
INQUIRY



영상자료
VIDEO DATA



Figure 2: Situating training in the capacity development context

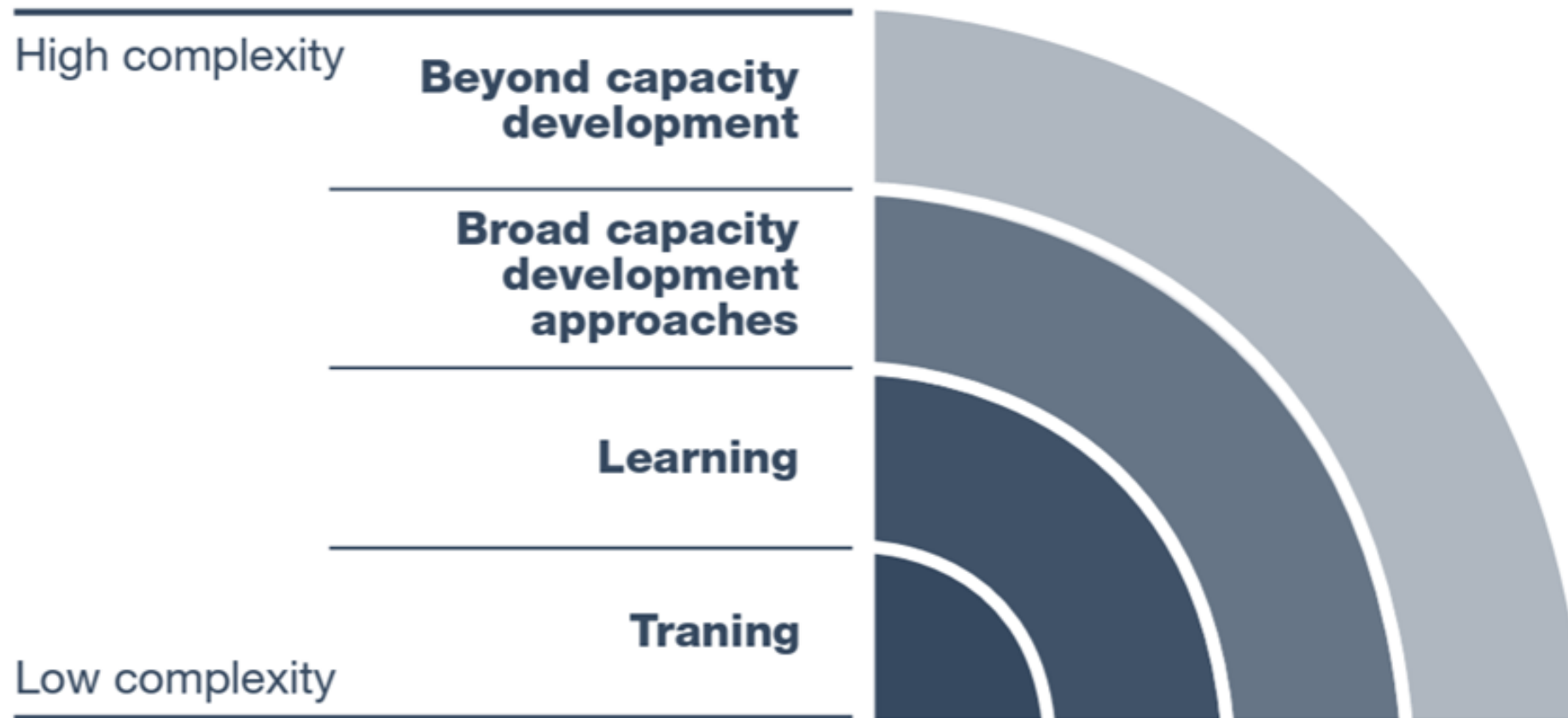
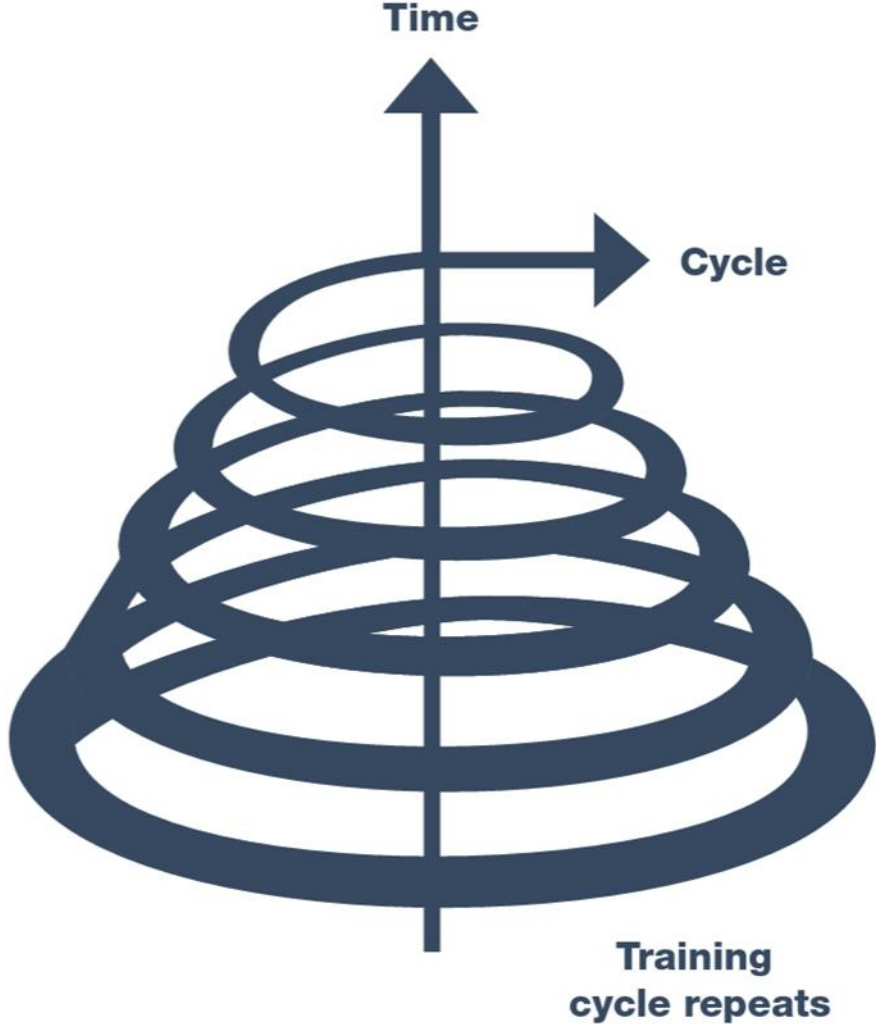
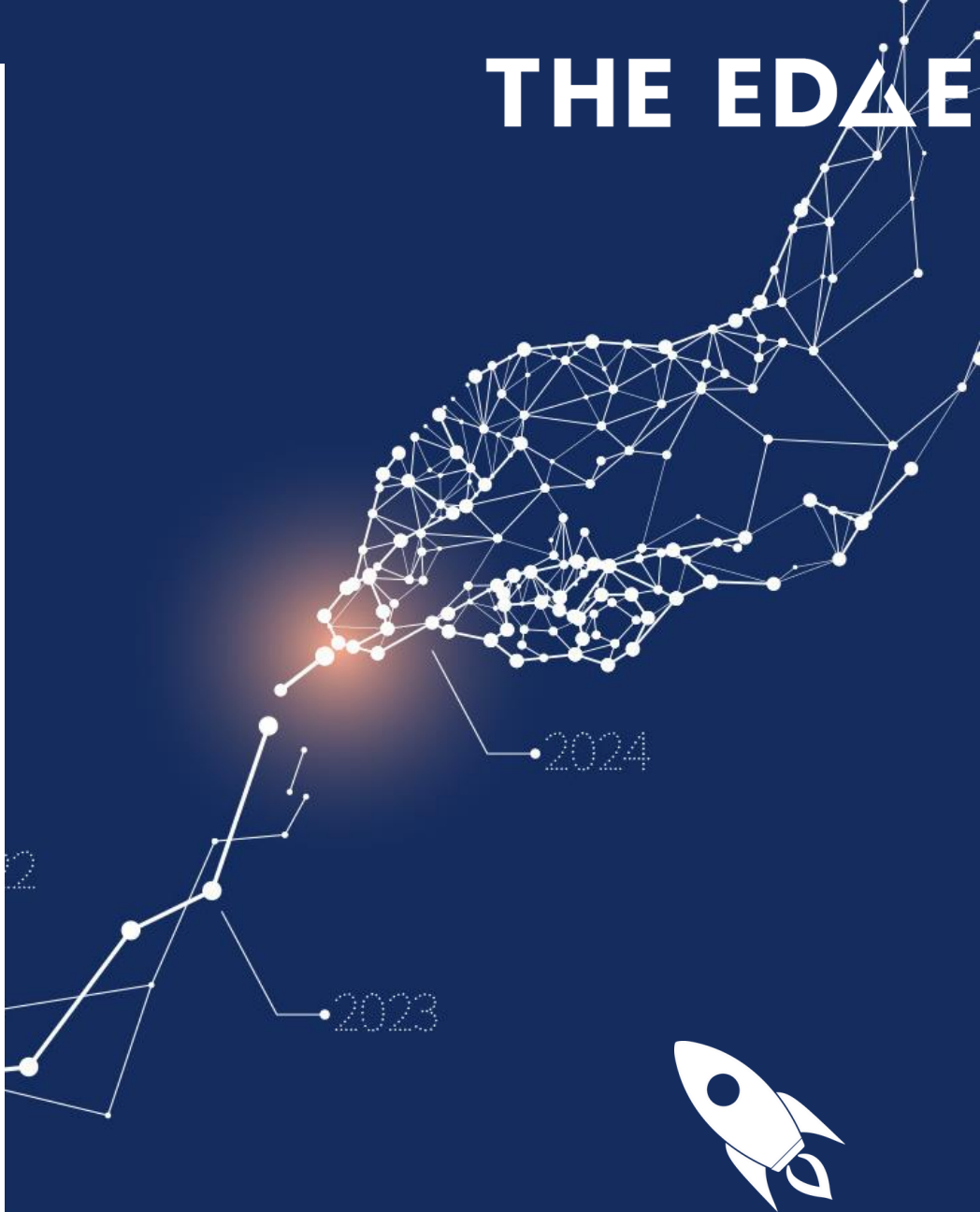


Figure 12: The training cycle is iterative



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Концепции и измерители на иновациите и комерсиализацията

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Категории	Концепции	Измерители
Вход (инвестиции)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Човеко-години Оборудване-години 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Разходи
Изход (продукти)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Идеи, открития Изобретения Човешки капитал 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Публикации, награди Патенти, споразумения Дипломи, сертификати
Резултат	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Предимство в знанията Нови продукти Подобряване на производителността Нарастване на приходите 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Публикации, цитирания, експертиза Патенти, цитирания, иновации, продажби Метрики за подобряване на производителността Възвръщане на инвестициите



Дефиниция: Интелектуална собственост (ИС)

- Интелектуална собственост е сравнително ново понятие и тя определя изключителните права на творенията на човешкия ум и човешкия интелект.
- Интелектуалната собственост се дели на 2 големи области:

1. **Индустриалната собственост** се отнася основно към патентите за изобретения, полезните модели, търговските марки, географските означения, промишления дизайн, новите сортове растения и породи животни, топология на интегралните схеми, приложими в индустрията.

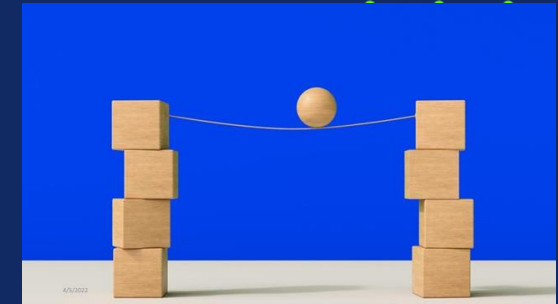
2. **Художествената собственост** включва собствеността върху произведенията на литературата, науката и изкуствата, аудио-визуални произведения, произведения в областта на архитектурата, фотографията, компютърните програми и авторски изпълнения.

➤ Интелектуална собственост (ИС) се отнася до творения на човешкия ум (добавена стойност), върху които определени по закон собственици получават правна защита.

➤ Правата на интелектуална собственост (ПИС) са защитите, предоставени на създателите на ИС, които включват търговски марки, авторско право, патенти, права върху промишлен дизайн, а в някои юрисдикции и търговски тайни. Художествени произведения, включително музика и литература, както и открития, изобретения, думи, фрази, символи и дизайни могат да бъдат защитени като интелектуална собственост.

beyond.
accelerate

Централният въпрос на интелектуалната собственост (ИС)

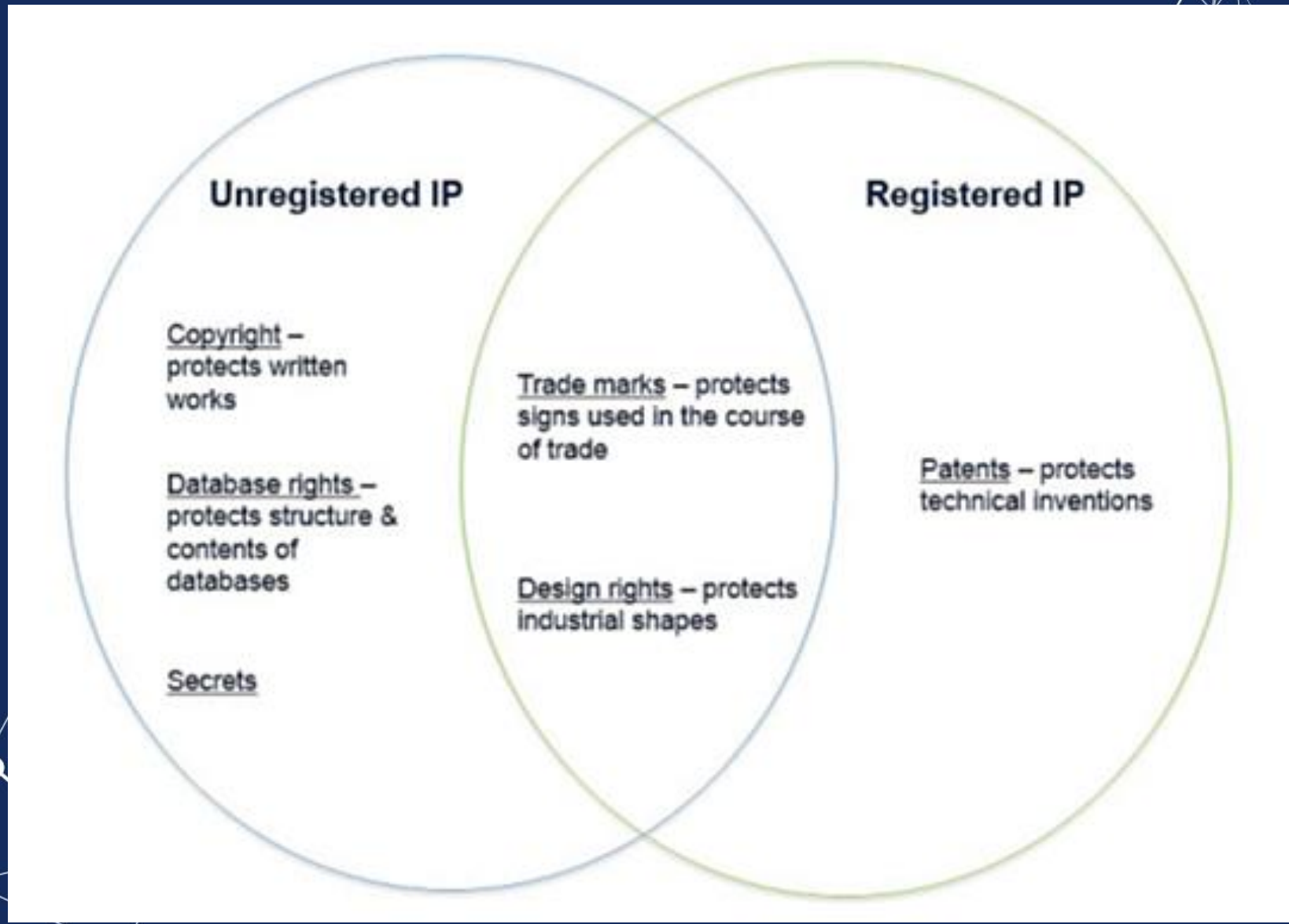
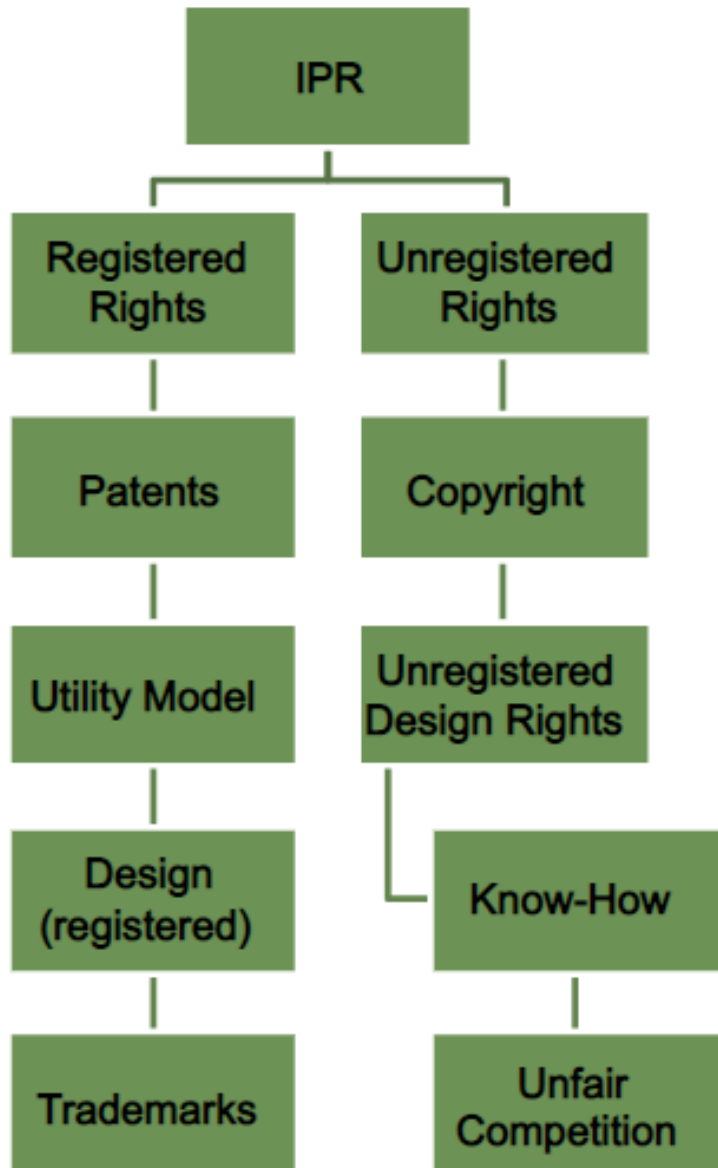


- е балансът между:
 - обществено достояние и частно право на откривателите
 - отворена и затворена стратегия за ИС (защита или не на интелектуалната собственост)
- Пандемията засили наболелите хуманитарни проблеми на световната общественост от здраве към технократичните въпроси на оптималната иновационна политика.
- Какъв е правилният баланс между насърчаването на иновациите чрез защита на ИС и разпространението на резултатите от тях евтино за света? Този въпрос беше особено предизвикателство в контекста, когато оставянето на значителна част от неваксинираните хора в света са заплахата за всички, дори за ваксинираните, поради възможността от мутация на вируса.

beyond.
accelerate

Правото на интелектуална собственост

Правото на интелектуална собственост (IPR) е набор от частни законови права, които позволяват на физически лица и компаниите да контролират нематериални творения и марки - от лога до романи и музика, от STEM изобретения до лекарствени формули, като определя правата, изключенията и ограниченията, които позволяват да се възстановяват инвестициите от научните изследвания и иновациите.



Примери

- Един продукт – много права за ИС
- The European Institute of Innovation & Technology (EIT)
- IP Helpdesk
- Проект «Чисти технологии и кръгова икономика»

Един продукт – много права за ИС

Trade marks

- NOKIA
- Product "208"
- Start-up tone

Copyright

- Software
- User manuals
- Ringtones
- Start-up tone
- Images



Patents and utility models

- Data-processing methods
- Operating system
- Operation of user interface

Designs

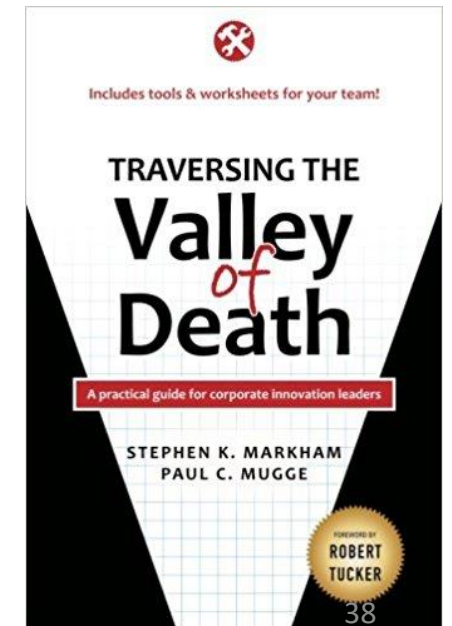
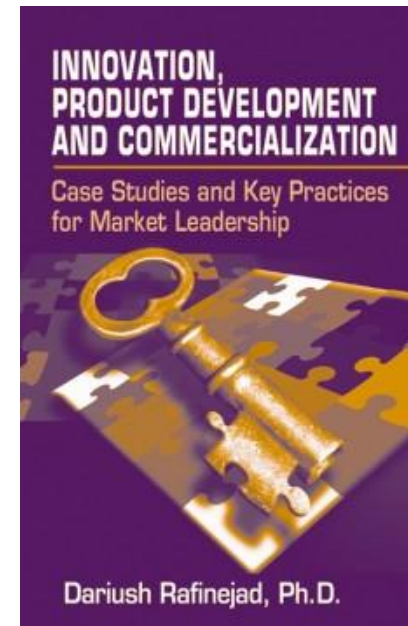
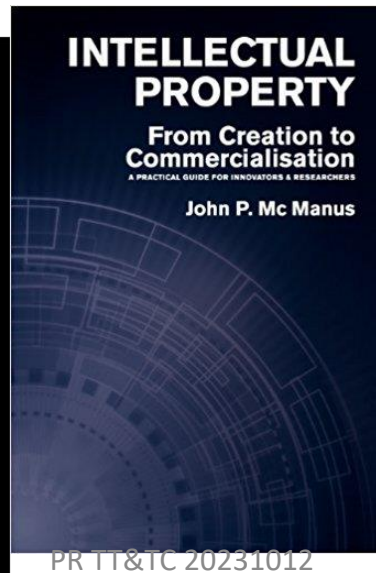
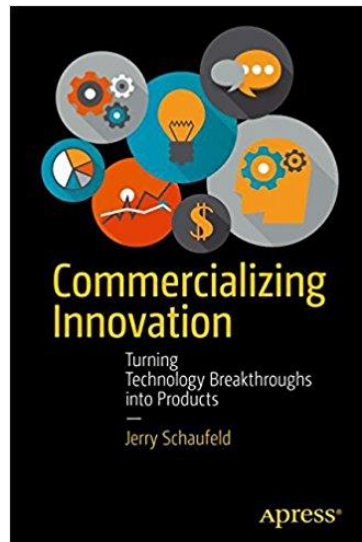
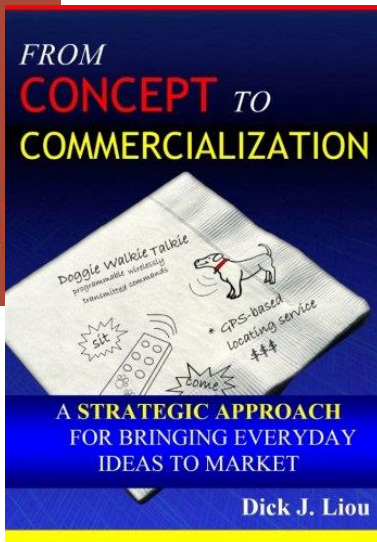
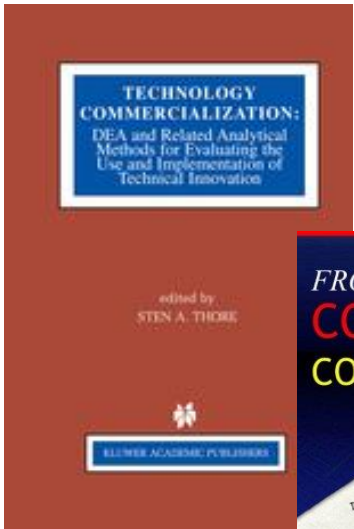
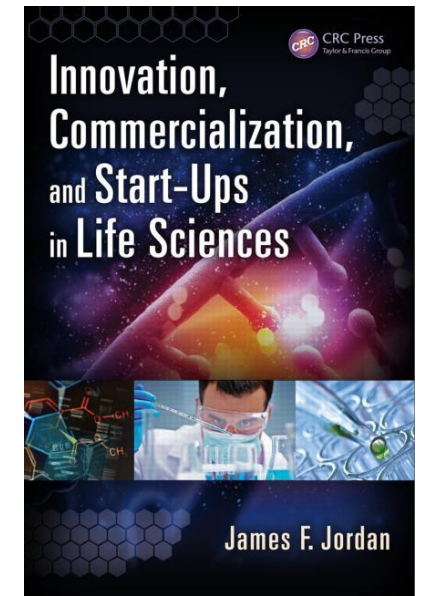
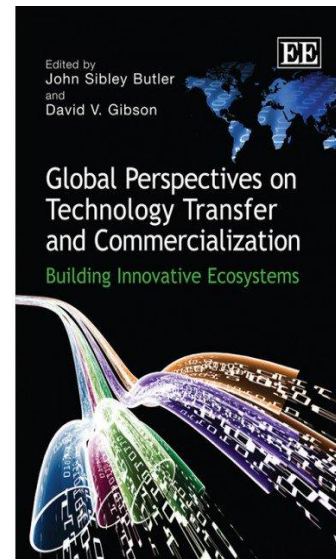
- Form of overall phone
- Arrangement and shape of buttons
- Position and shape of screen

Trade secrets

- Some technical know-how kept "in-house" and not published



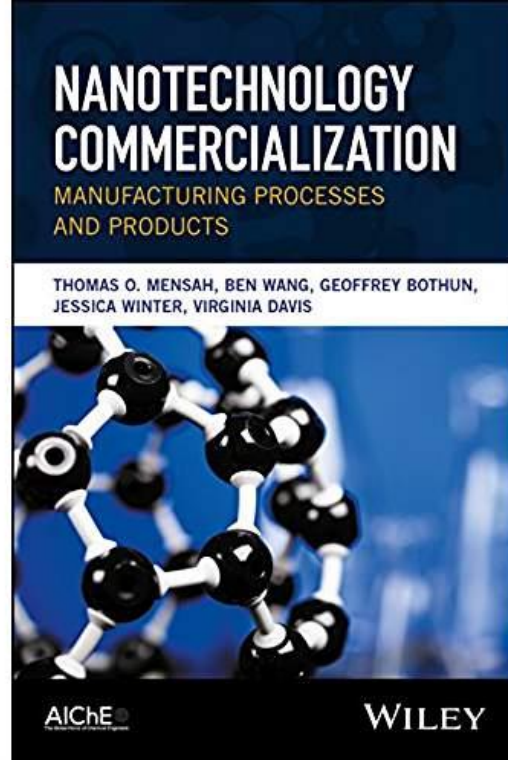
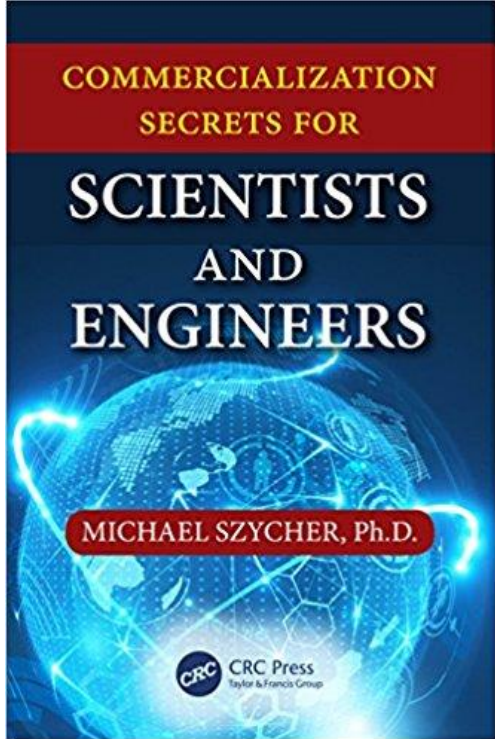
Patent IPR Licensing-
Technology
Commercialisation –
Innovation Marketing : Guide
Book for Researchers,
Innovators
September 2017
Edition: 1 edition
(2017)Publisher: Notion Press
Editor: Indian Innovators
Association ISBN: ISBN-10:
1947851438,ISBN-13: 978-
1947851436



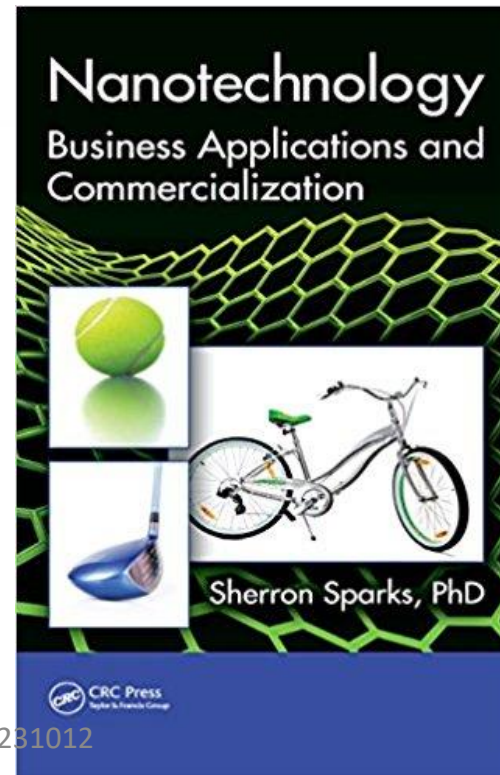
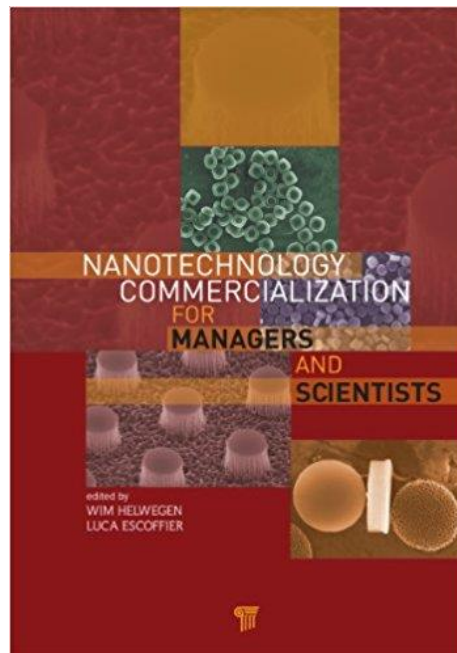
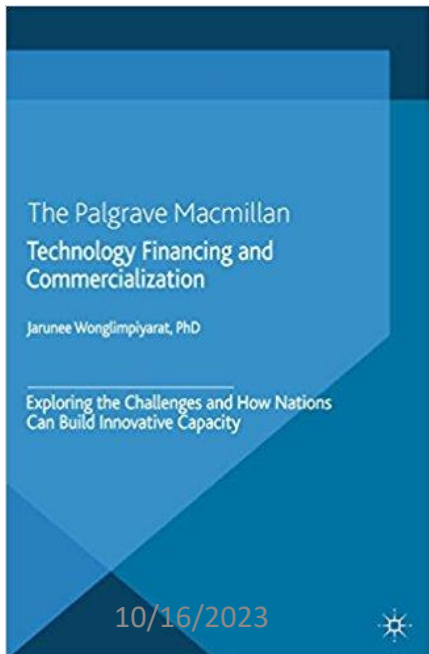
10/16/2023

PR TT&TC 20231012

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Nanotechnology Commercialization:
Manufacturing Processes and Products
Oct 20, 2017 | Kindle eBook
by Thomas O. Mensah and Ben Wang



Nanotechnology: Business
Applications and Commercialization
(Nano and Energy) Dec 21, 2017 |
Kindle eBook
by Sherron Sparks



Managing IP risk in the era of technology convergence:

Lessons learned in the medical device industry

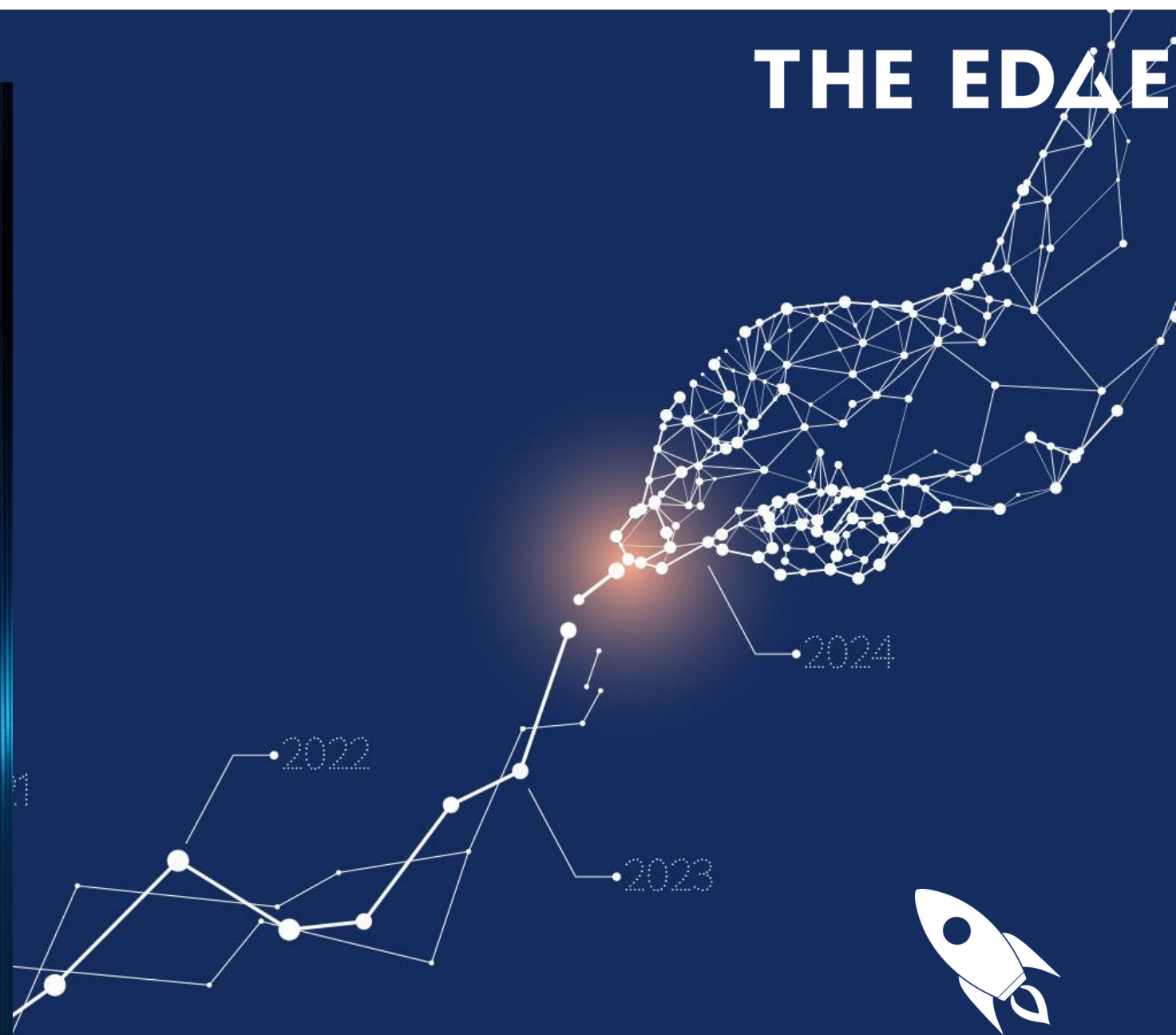
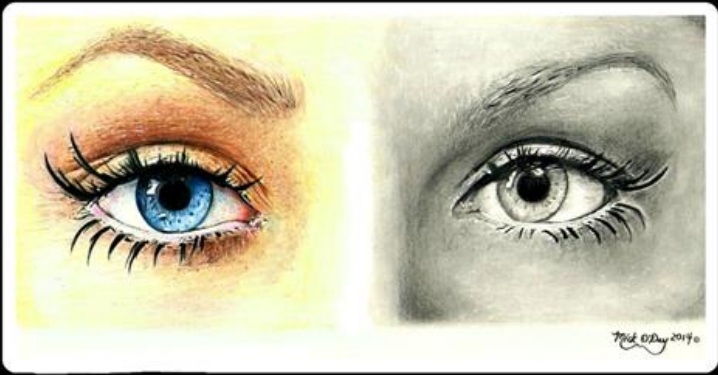


TABLE ES 1

RANK	INSTITUTION	INDEXED SCORE
1	University of Utah	100
2	Columbia University	97.83
3	University of Florida	97.66
4	Brigham Young University	97.58
5	Stanford University	95.6
6	University of Pennsylvania	95.39
7	University of Washington	95.11
8	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	94.33
9	California Institute of Technology	94.11
10	Carnegie Mellon University	93.54
11	New York University	93.41
12	Purdue University	93.02
13	University of Texas System	92.88
14	University of Minnesota	92.75
15	University of California, Los Angeles*	92.13
16	University of Michigan	91.58
17	Cornell University	89.49
18	University of Illinois Chicago Urbana	89.37
19	University of South Florida	88.93
20	University of California, San Diego*	88.55

TOP 25 UNIVERSITY TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER AND COMMERCIALIZATION INDEX





"Eye See Things **Differently**".



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Финансирано от
Европейския съюз
NextGenerationEU



BiOrgaMST

Биоактивни органични и неорганични
авангардни материали и чисти технологии

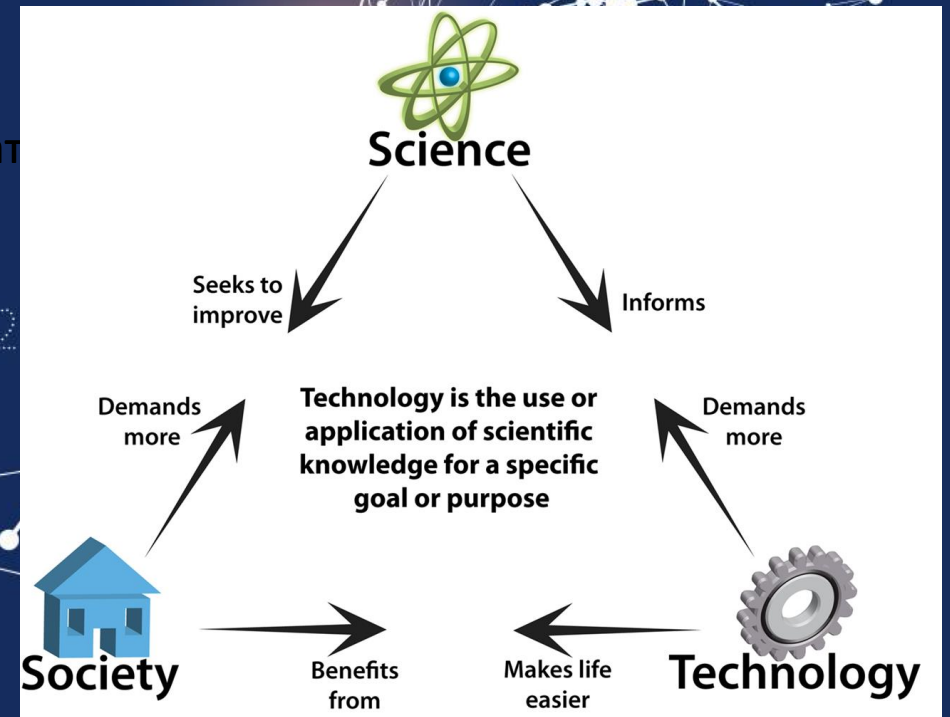


МИНИСТЕРСТВО
НА ОБРАЗОВАНИЕТО
И НАУКАТА

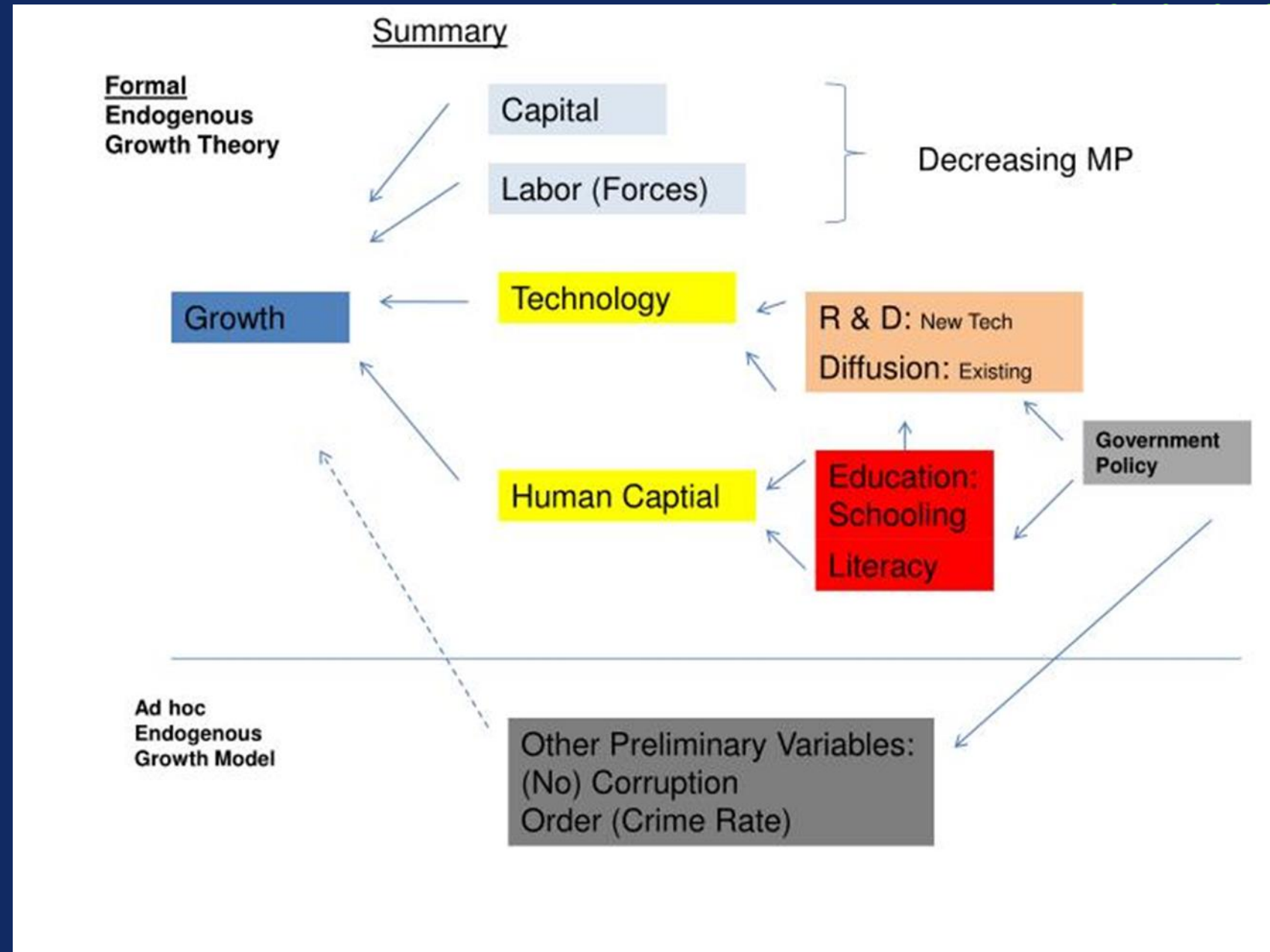


3. Голямата картина за ТТ и ТК

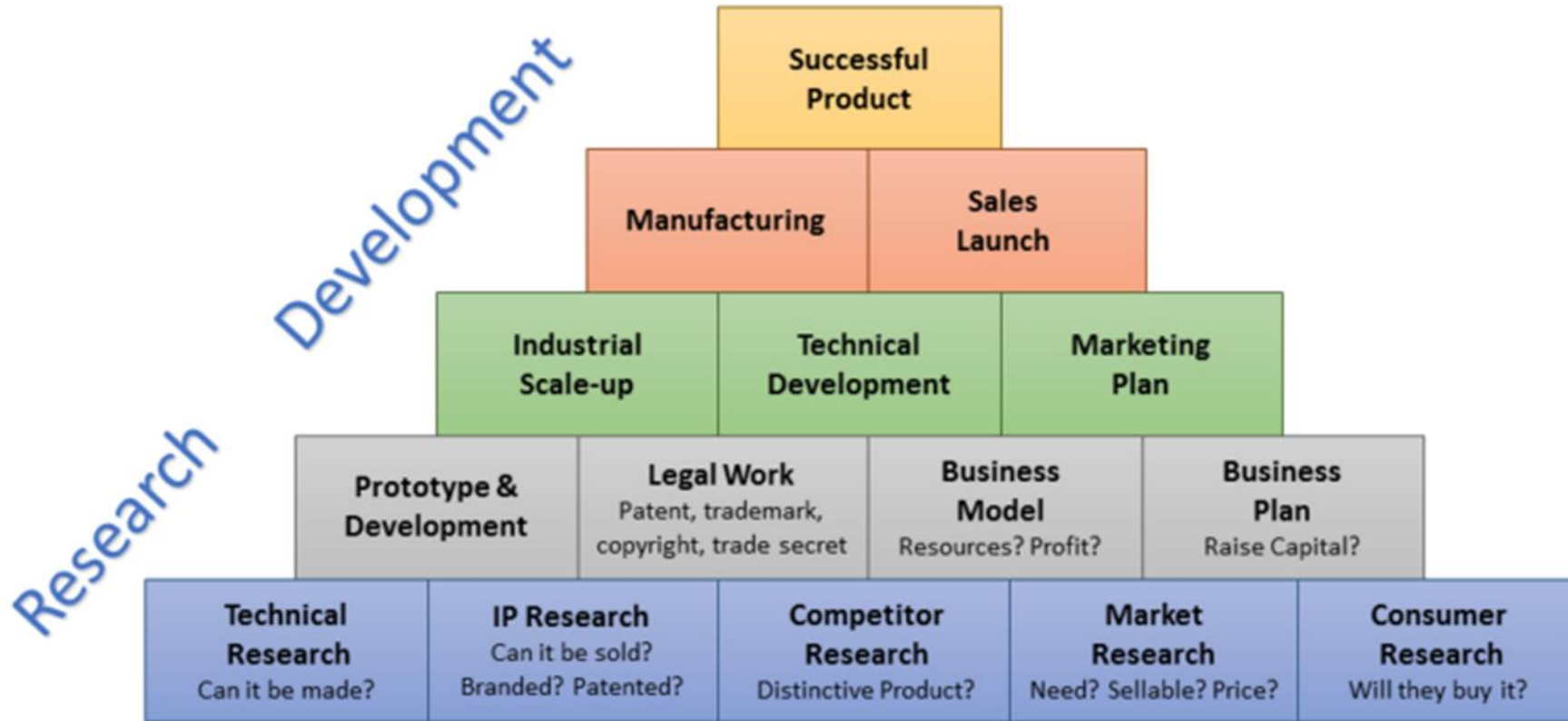
Бърз преглед на програмат



**technology
rights/IPR**



Success = R & D



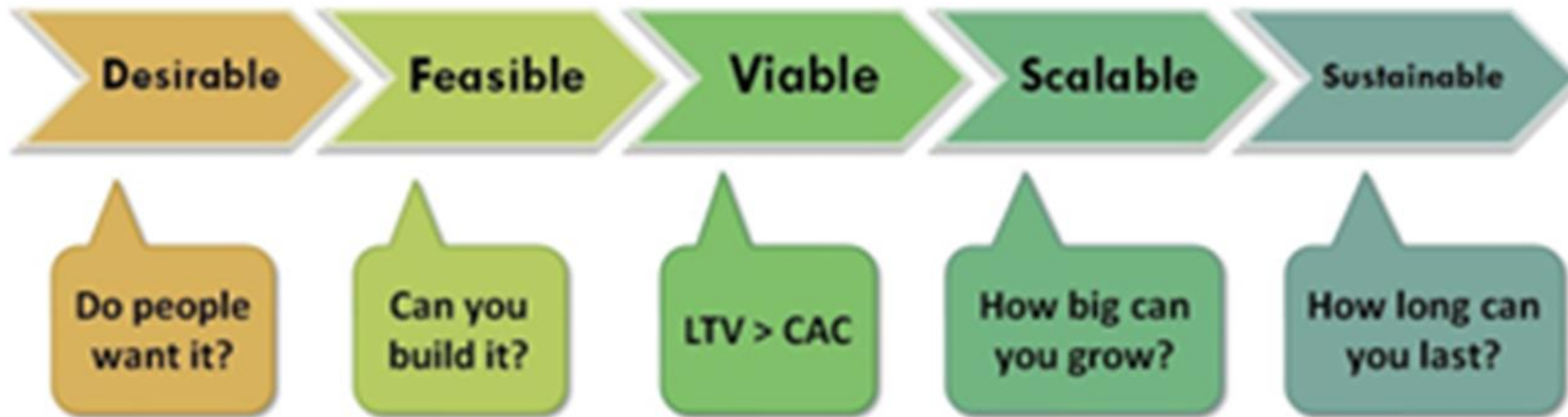
Key Question: Can you make money from this product?



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Customer Lifetime Value to Customer Acquisition Ratio (CLV:CAC)

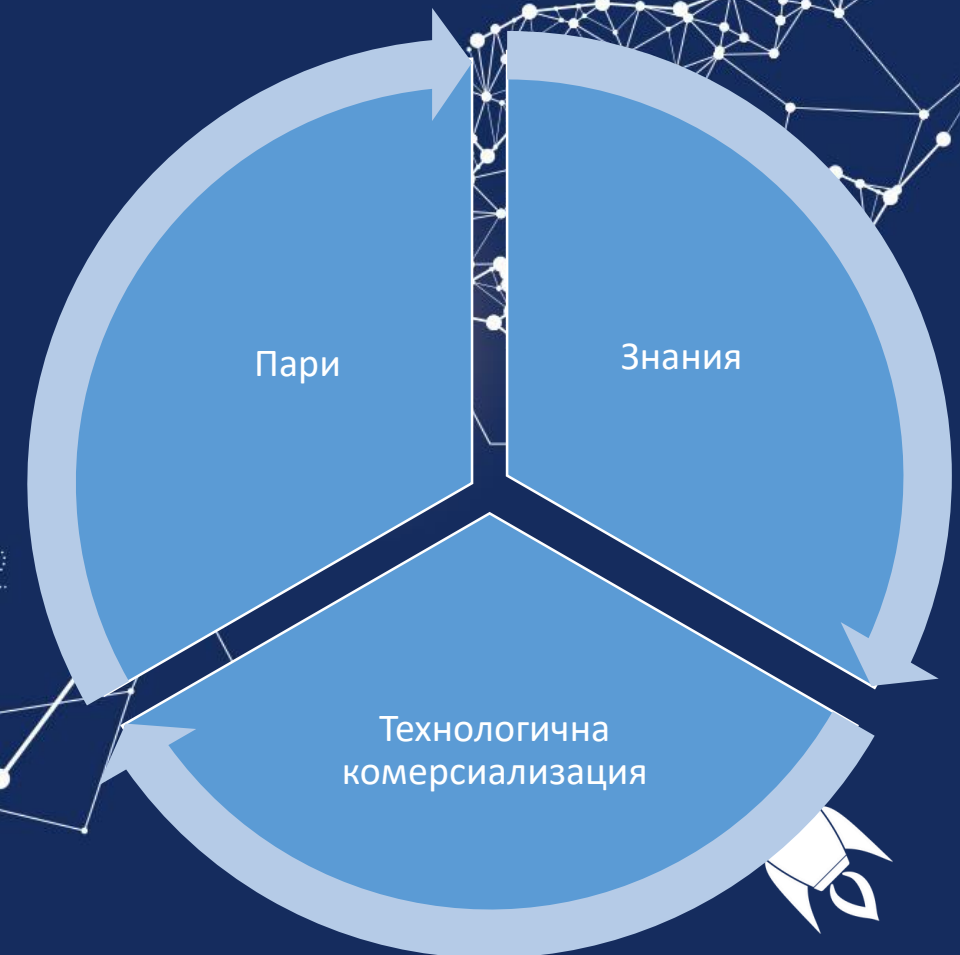
An ideal LTV:CAC ratio should be 3:1. The value of a customer should be three times more than the cost of acquiring them. If the ratio is close i.e. 1:1, you are spending too much. If it's 5:1, you are spending too little.

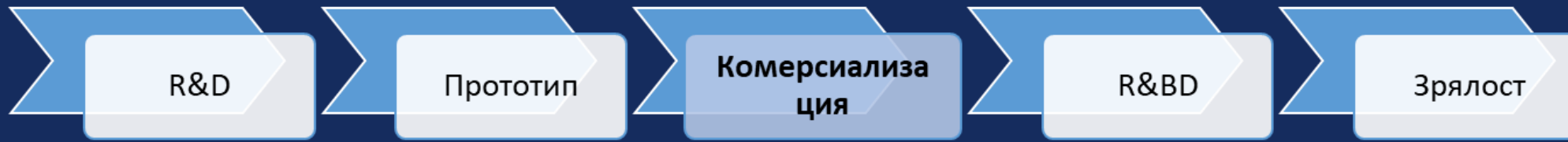


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Цикъл на на иновации и комерсиализация

- Цикълът на иновации и комерсиализация на иновациите включва две фази, създаване и съхранение на стойност
- Създаване на стойност - науката преобразува финансовия ресурс в знания.
- Технологичната комерсиализация преобразува знанията във финансов ресурс.

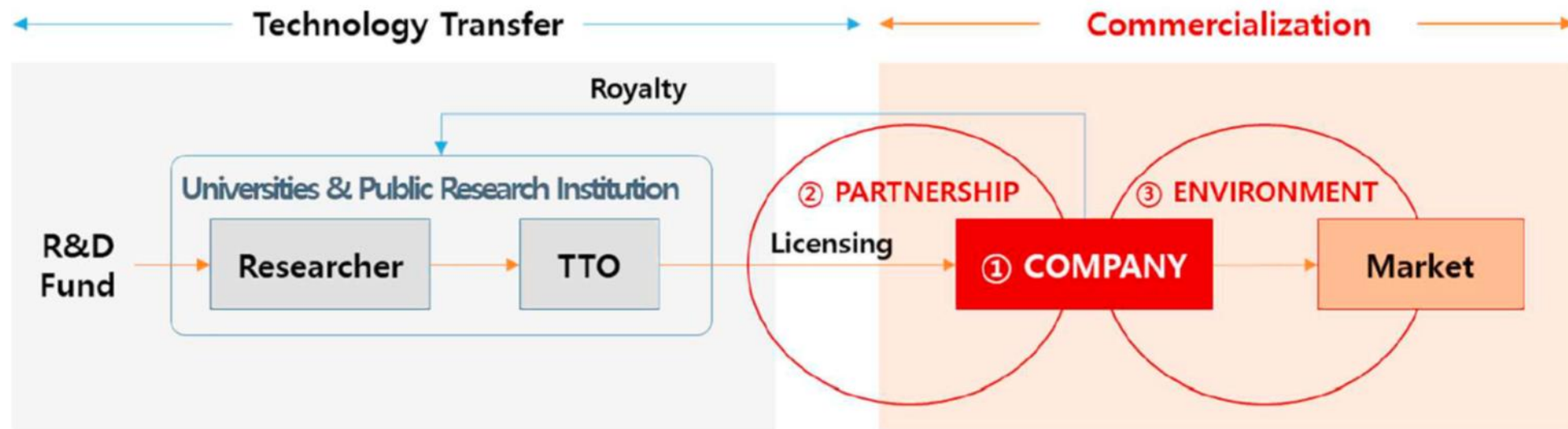




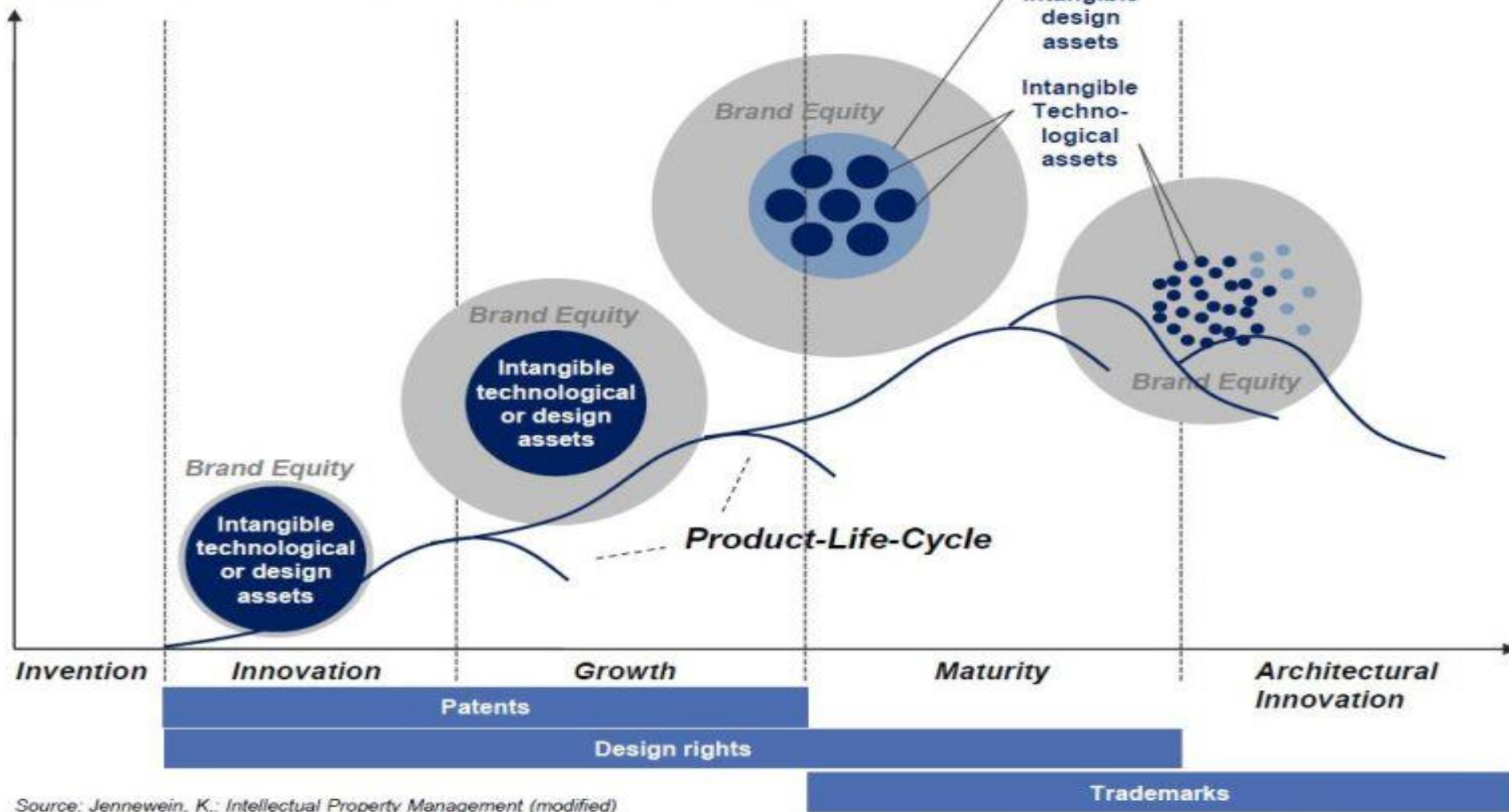
Expanding the scope of analysis on public technology transfer

J.-W. Min et al.

Technological Forecasting & Social Change 138 (2019) 10–20



Spread of technology, product sales, of # competitors



Source: Jennewein, K.: Intellectual Property Management (modified)

© 2021 CEIPI MIPLM, Strasbourg, Prof. Dr. Alexander J. Wurzer

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Entrepreneurial Process

- **Identify**

- Need
- Solution
- 'Unfair Advantage'



Opportunity

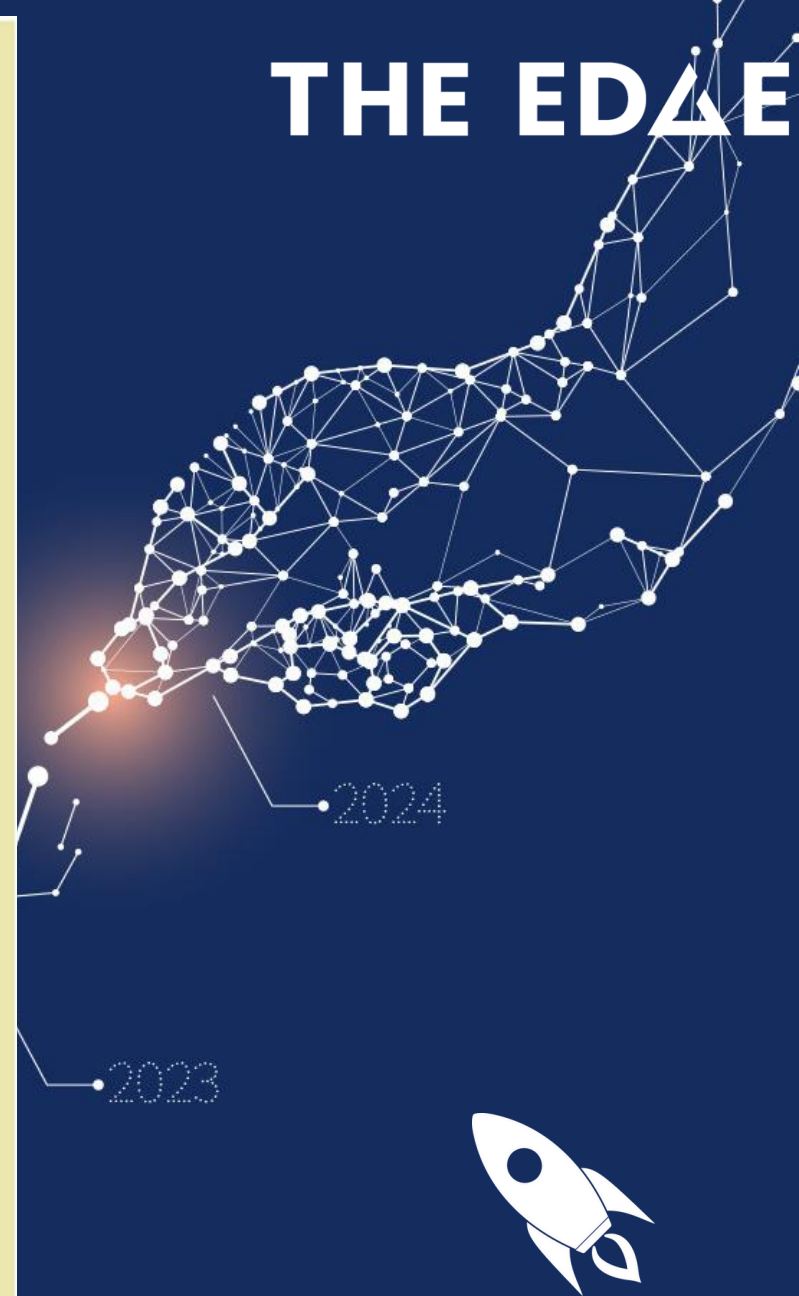
- **Acquire**

- Technology rights
- People
- Money



Resources

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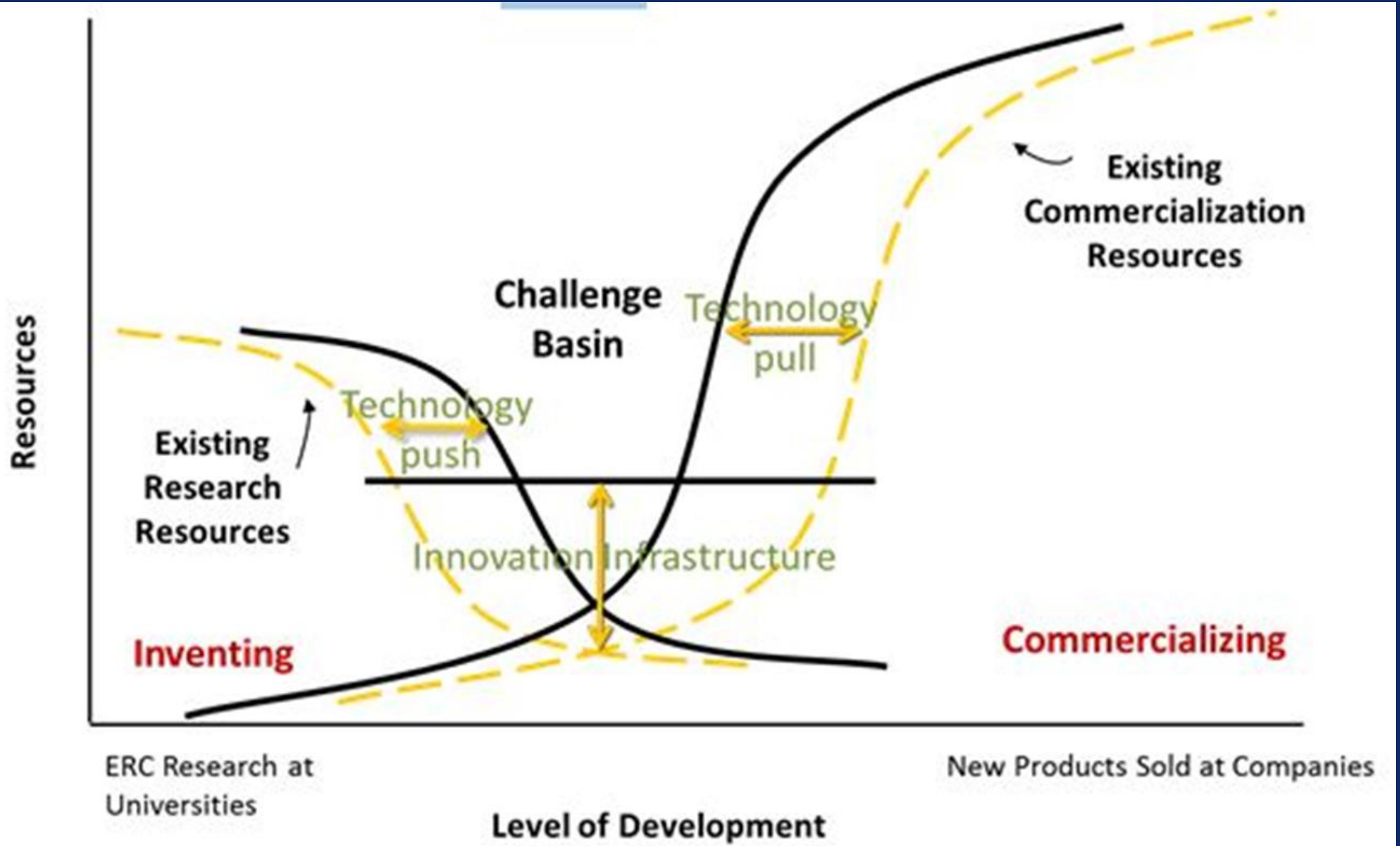
Here's the correct algorithm:

If you...

- identify a **NEED**
- conceptualize a **SOLUTION**
- demonstrate a **PROTOTYPE**
- develop a roll-out **PLAN** and get **FUNDING**
- **MARKET** the product using the correct channels and packaging
- **UNDERSTAND** the changing climate and adjust for it, and
- develop a strong relationship with **CUSTOMERS**
- ...

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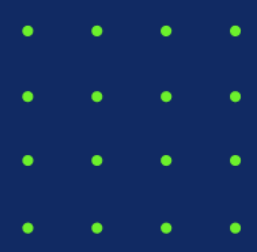




Intellectual Property Value Chain



Entrepreneurship [and value creation] is a process



"A well-characterized need is the DNA of a great invention."

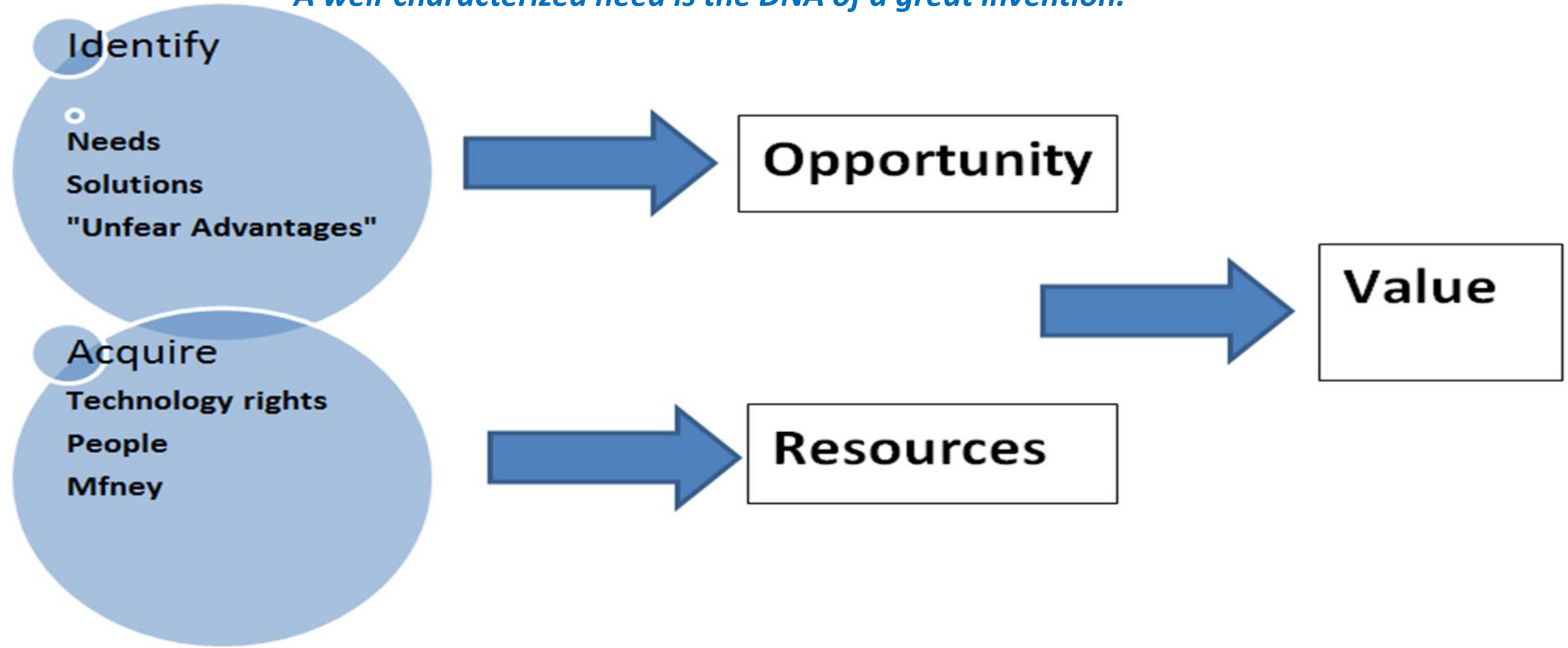
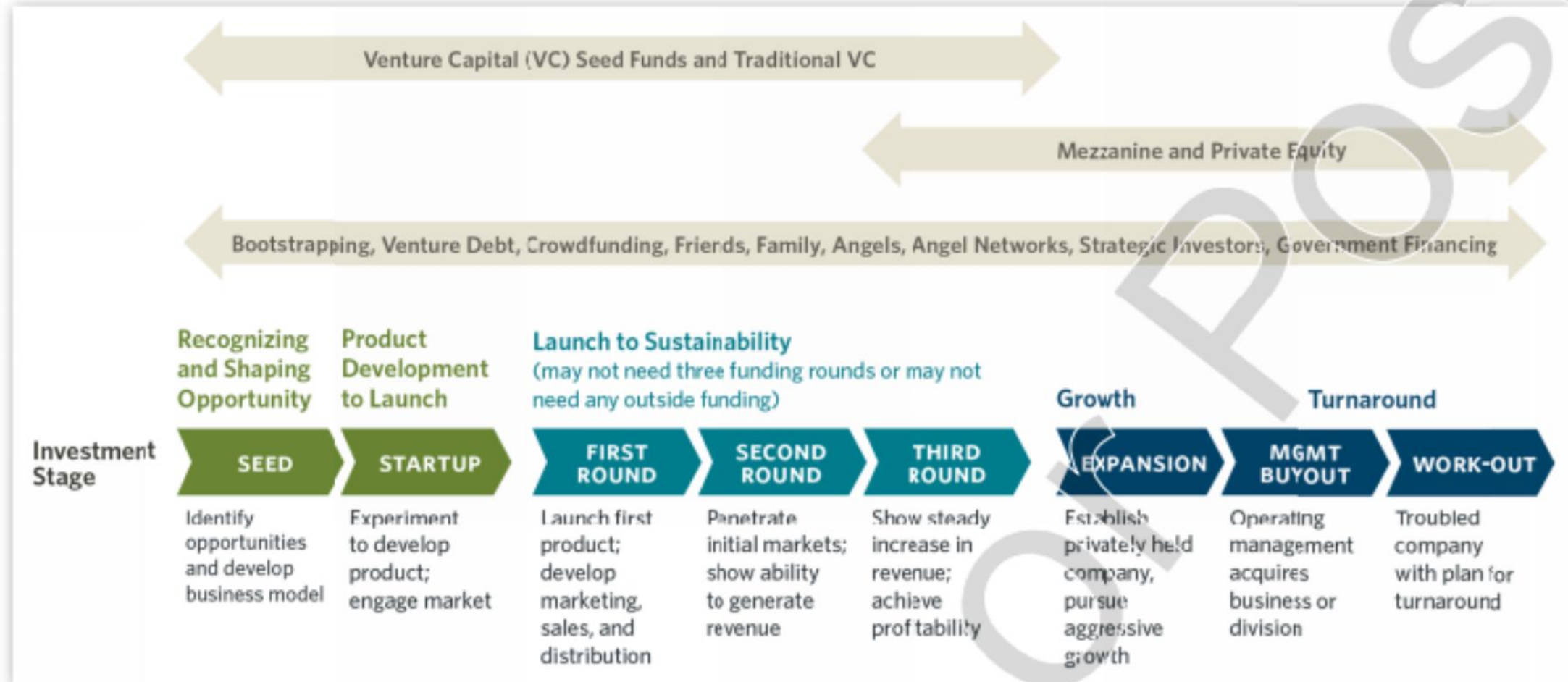


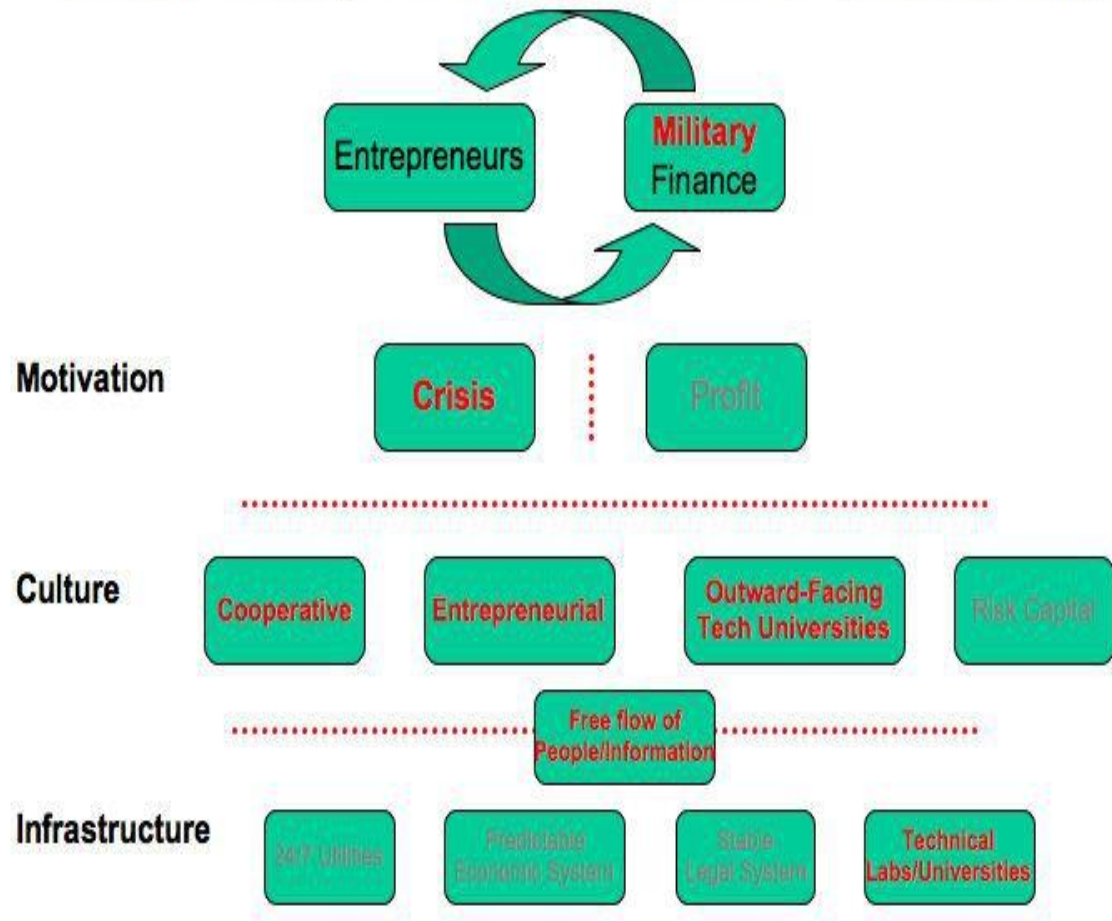
EXHIBIT 4 Financing Options and the High-Growth Venture Life Cycle



Source: Reprinted from Harvard Business School, "CommonAngels (A)," HBS No. 810-082, by Lynda M. Applegate and Kaitlyn Simpson. Copyright © 2010 by the President and Fellows of Harvard College; all rights reserved.

Terman and the Cold War

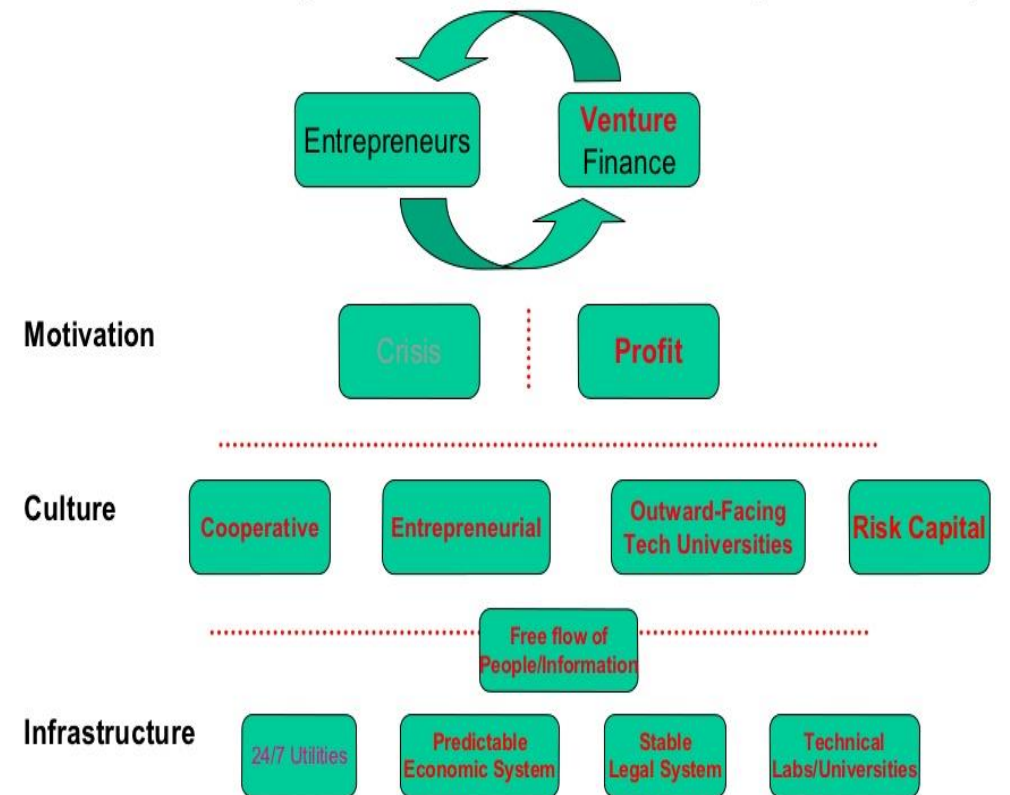
Silicon Valley's 1st Engine of Entrepreneurship



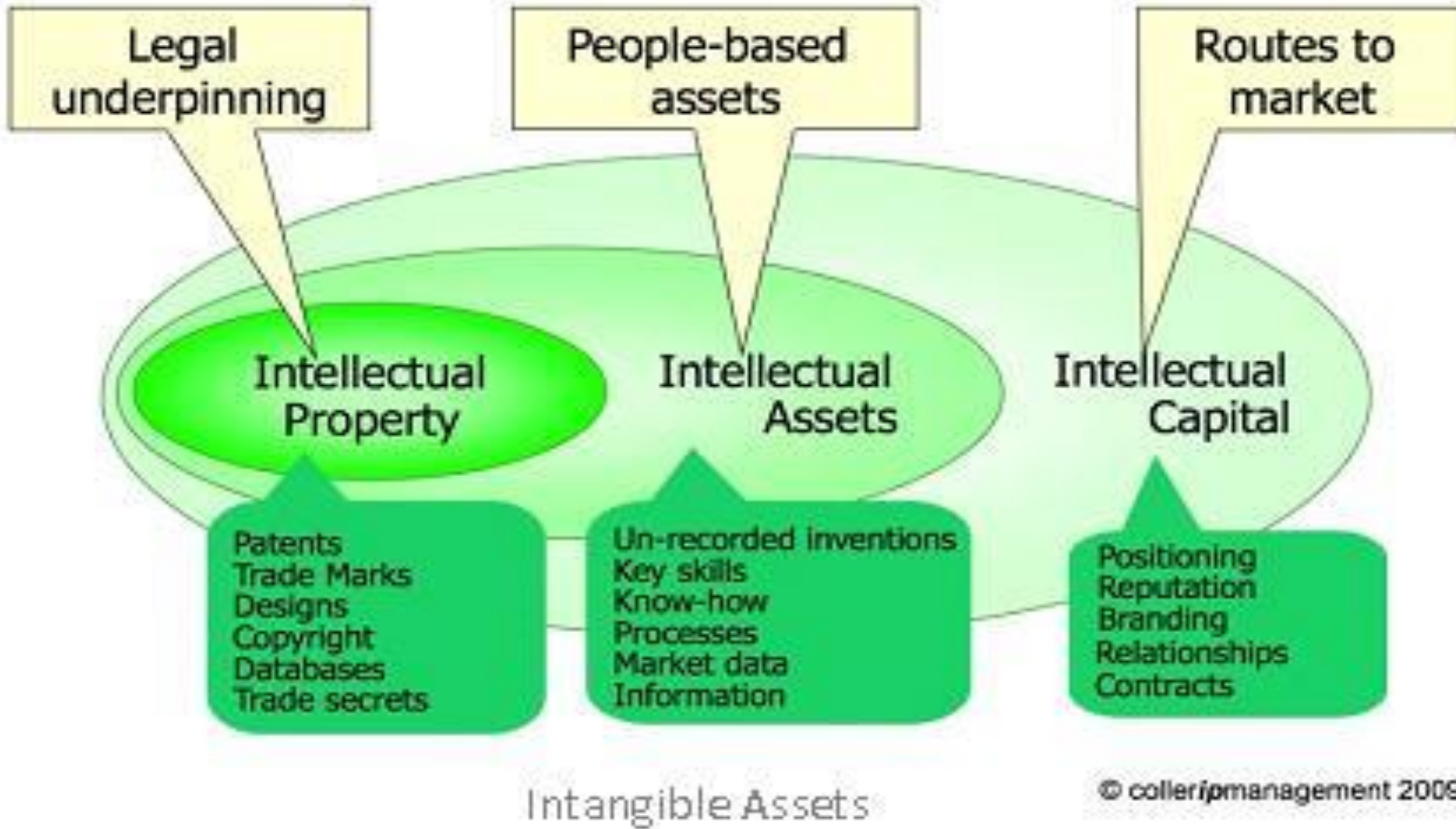
Steve Blank 23 Sept 2008

Venture Capital

Silicon Valley's 2nd Engine of Entrepreneurship



Steve Blank 23 Sept 2008



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www.iprhelpdesk.eu

Intellectual Assets

Products of the mind

An asset which can be traded

The KEY assets in any project or company
Project Inputs & Outputs
Company USPs

All of these can be legally protected using copyright

Inventions

Software code

New methods

Manuals/Reports

*Designs
(aesthetic/functional)*

Databases

Works of art

Music

Videos

Books

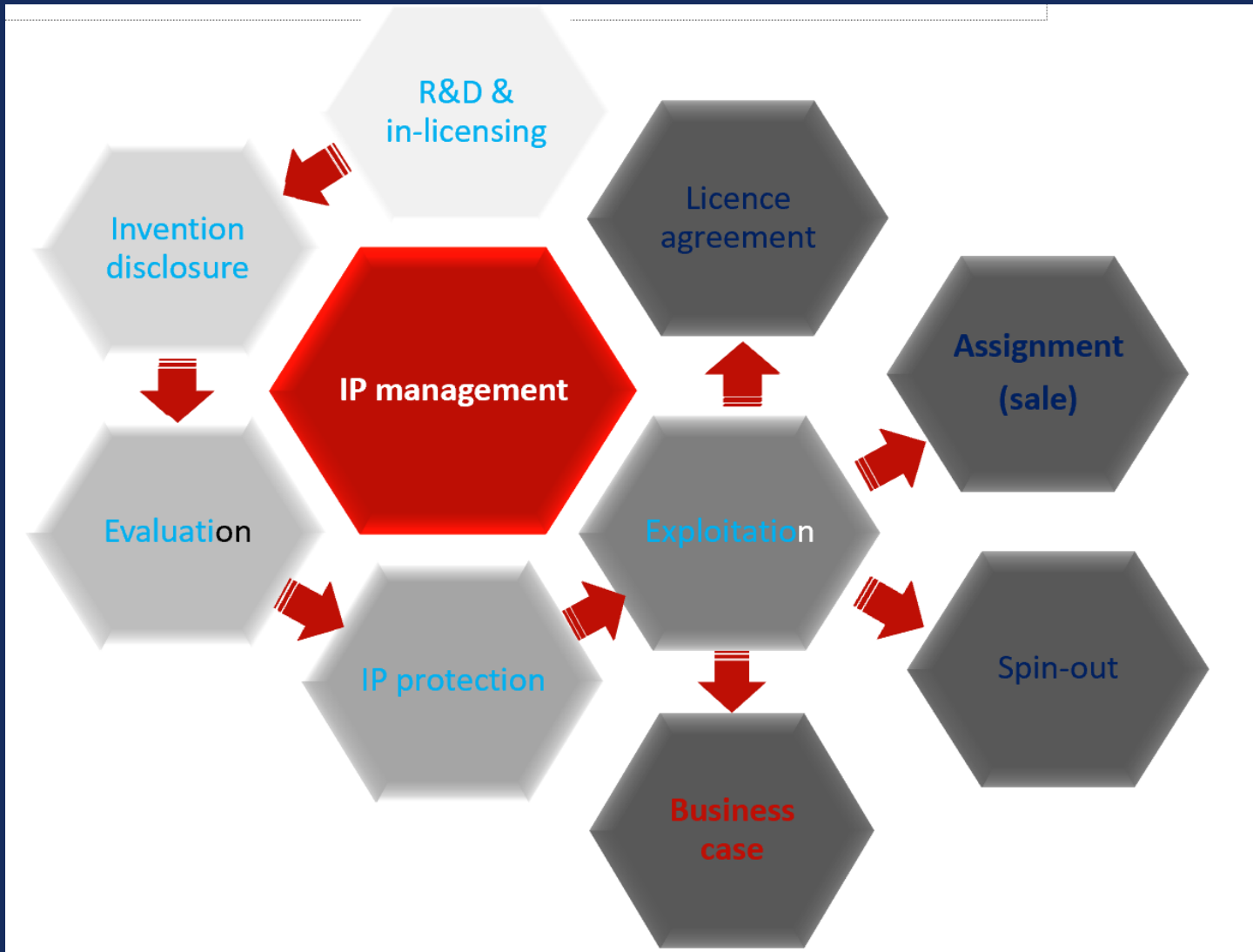
Roadmaps

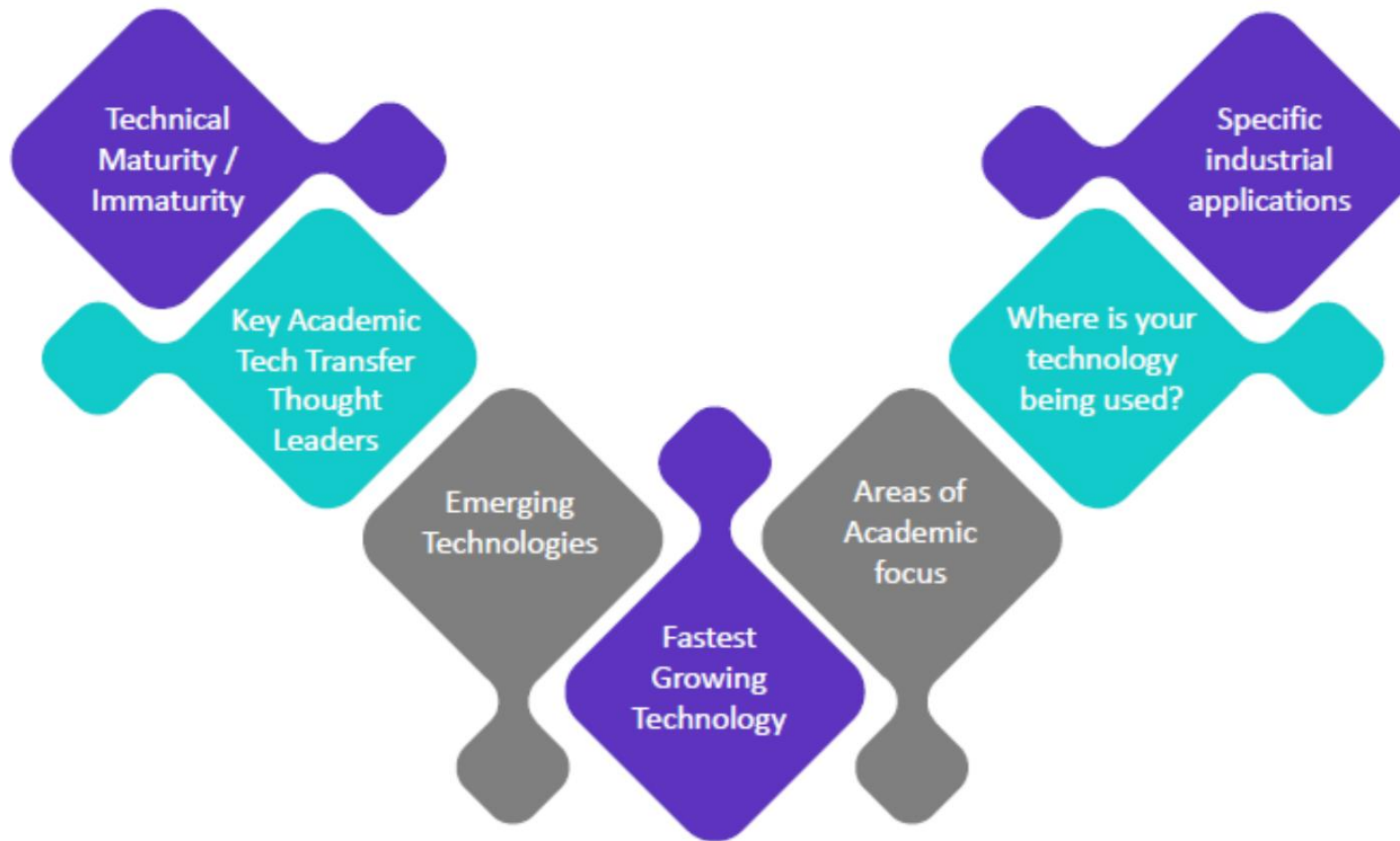
etc

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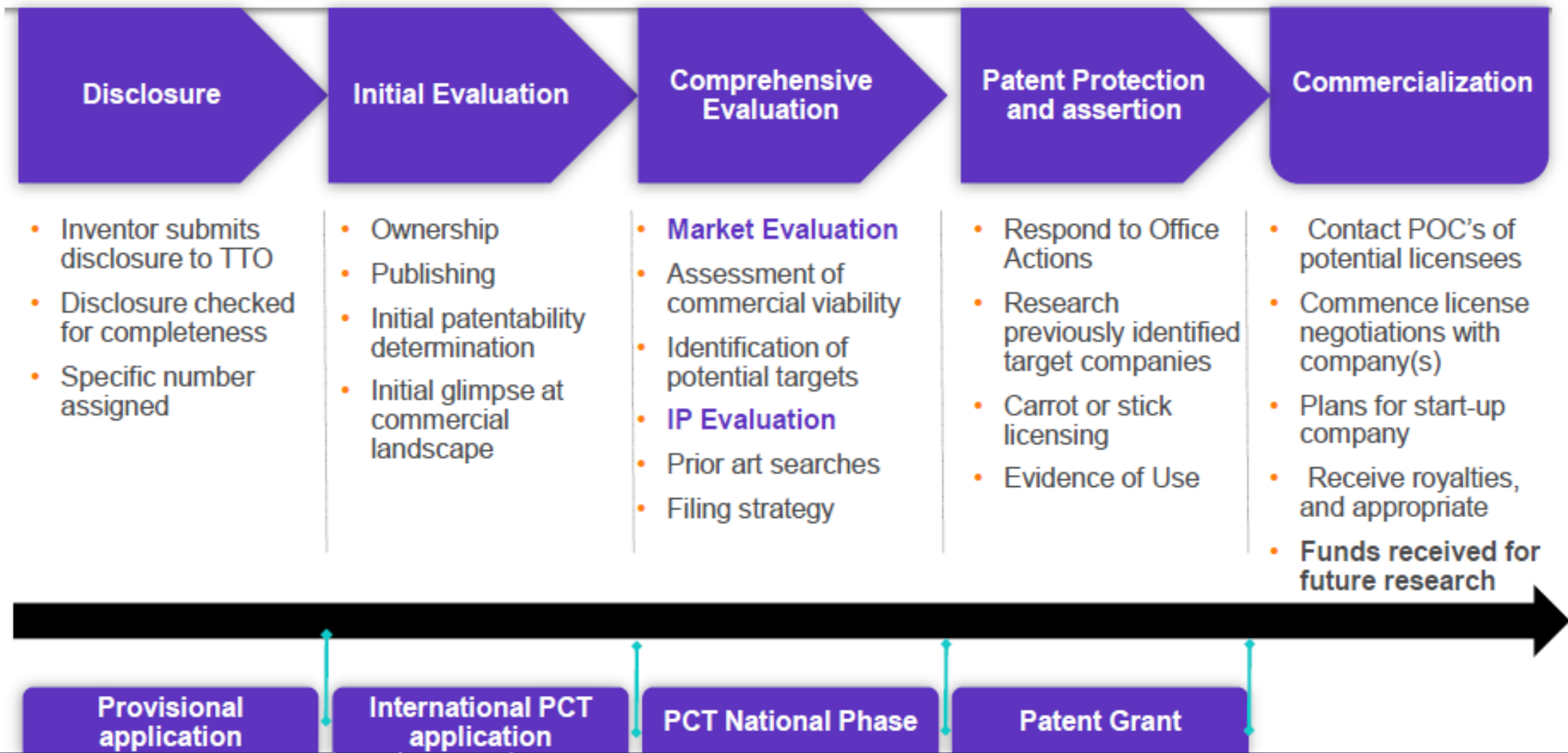


How businesses exploit IP

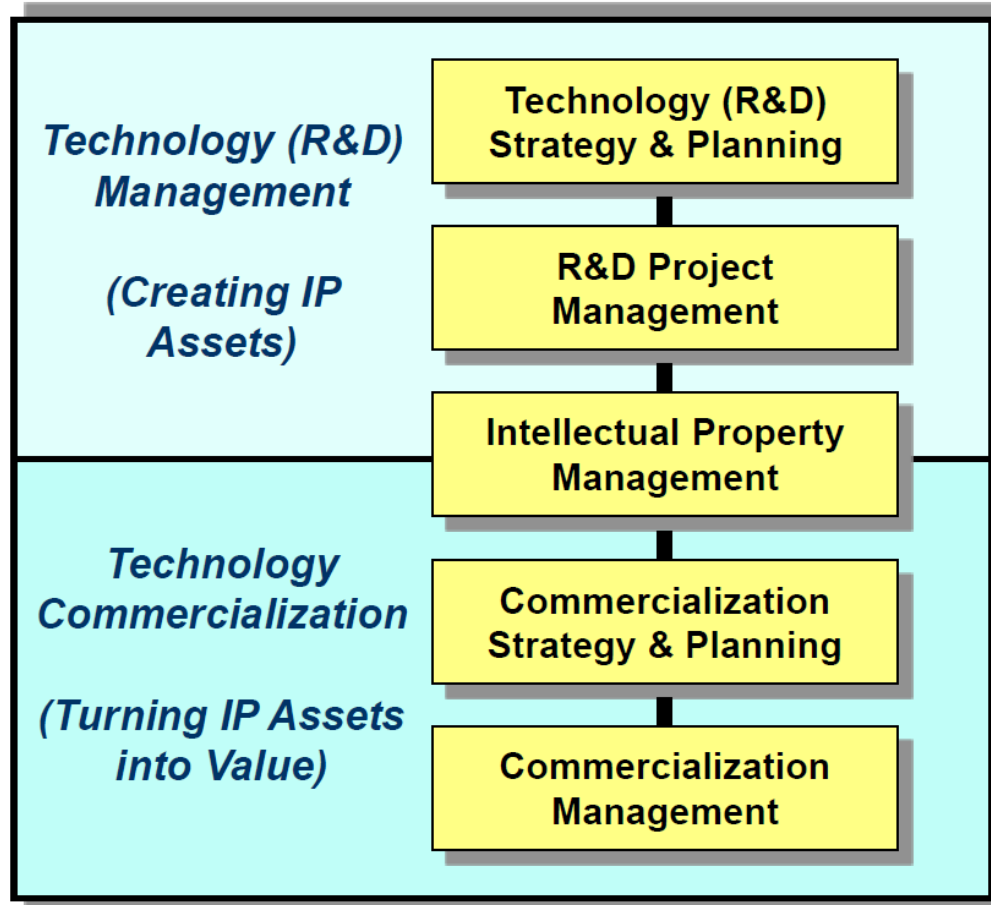




Effective Technology Transfer Process



Basic Functions of Technology Management and Commercialization



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STRATEGIC
BUSINESS
INSIGHTS

Expected Time from Initial Investment

Immediate

Nearterm

Midterm

Longterm

1-3 Years

3-5 Years

5 + Years

Catalyzing the Commercialization Process

Growing a Community of Innovation

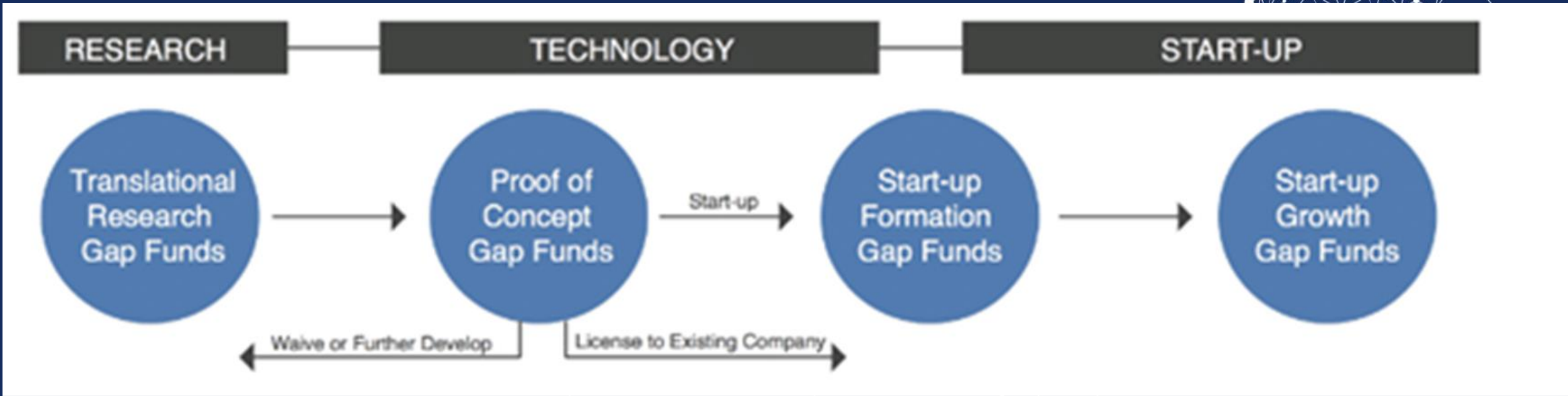
Building Businesses and Creating Jobs

Attracting Capital and Expertise

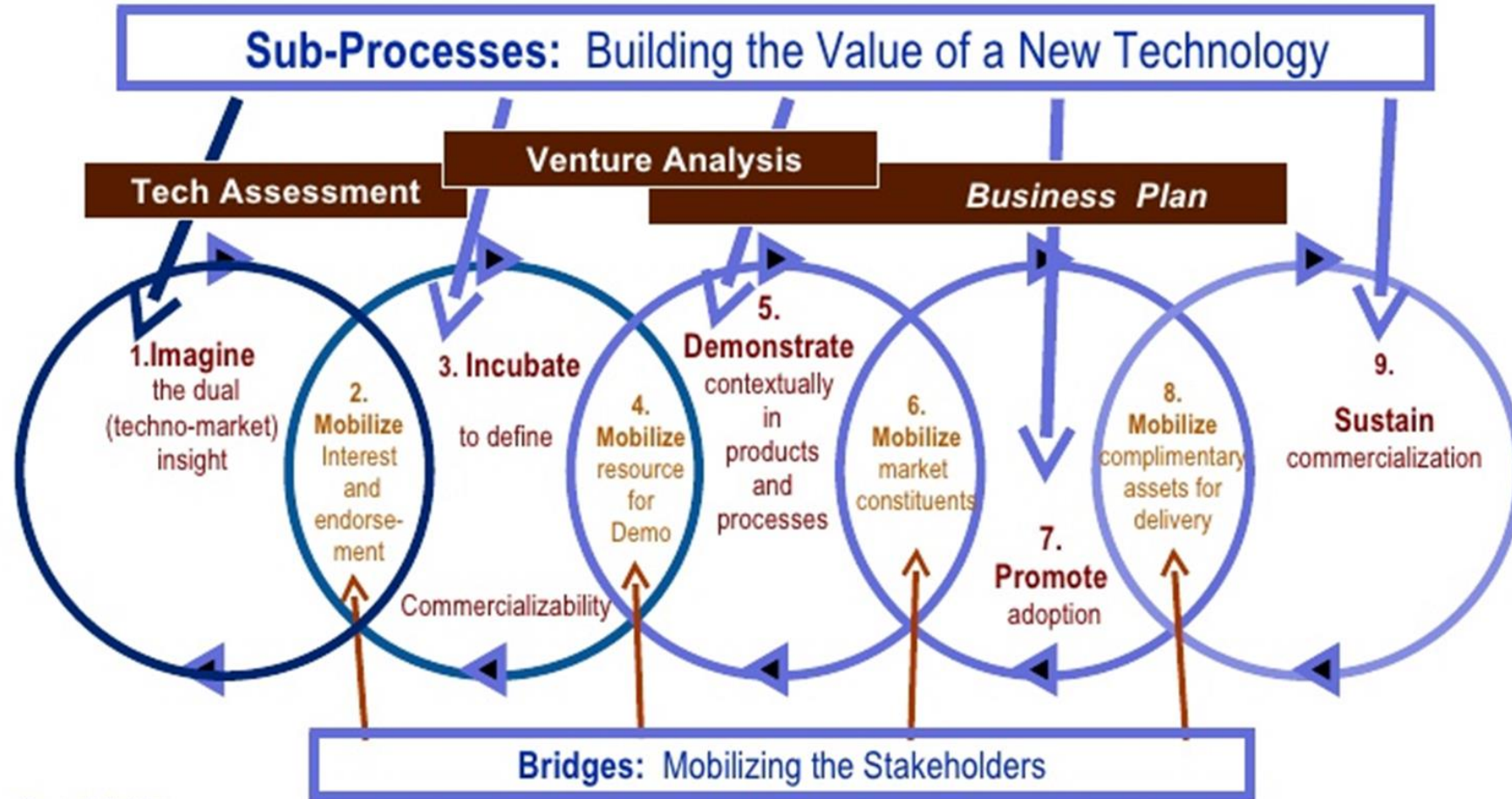
Returning Capital

24





Jolly's Model of Technology Commercialization



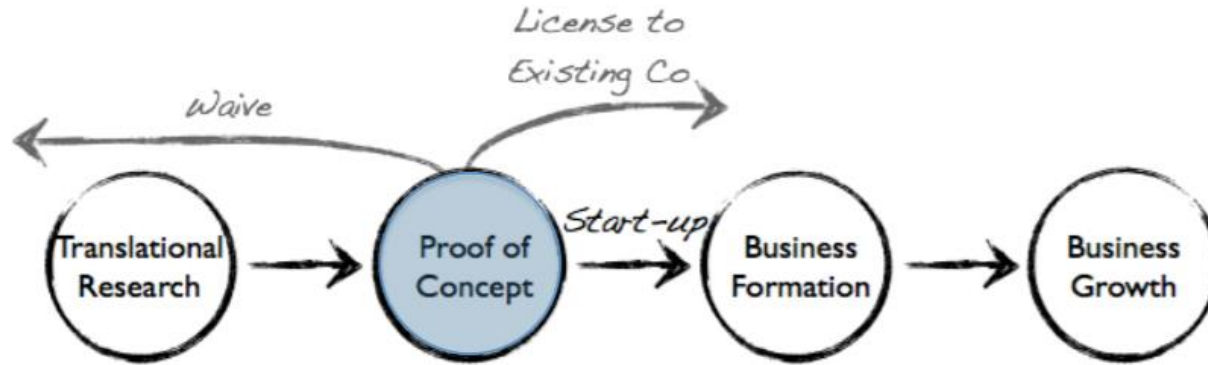
Source: Jolly, Vijay.
1997. From Mind to
Market.

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DEFINING POC FUNDS

UNIVERSITY GAP FUNDING CONTINUUM



Proof of Concept (POC) funds evaluate commercial potential, demonstrate the value of the technology, and generally de-risk technologies (or perception of risk) to commercial partners or investors. These funds also act as a filters by identifying weakness in the technology for further development, or by saving resources early in the process by deciding to not pursue the technology (a common recommendation in most new product development literature). Finally, by developing the commercial groundwork, including prototypes and application evaluation, these funds aim to identify and secure a route to commercialization (license to existing company or spin-out).

POC funds are often administered centrally through the technology transfer offices, research foundations, or equivalent at the college-level. Externally-partnered state funds, accelerators, and corporate funds may assist at this level and are often run in part through the existing university technology commercialization process. From our research, this is the most widely-utilized university gap fund type.

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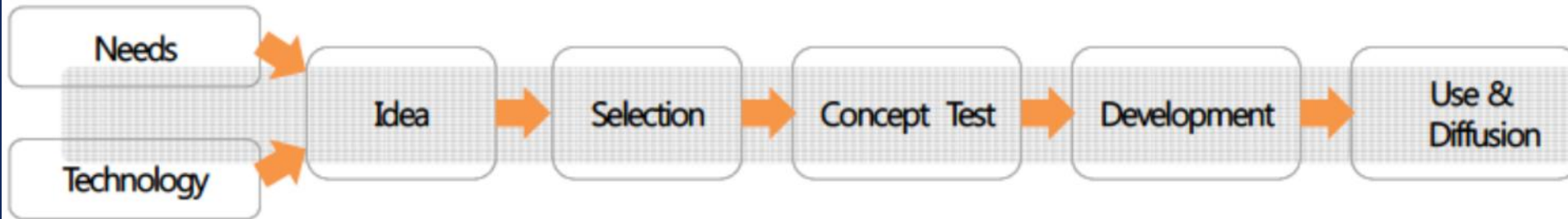


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(2) Innovation process and technology commercialization



• Goal of Innovation

Meyers and Marquis, Successful Industrial Innovation, 1969

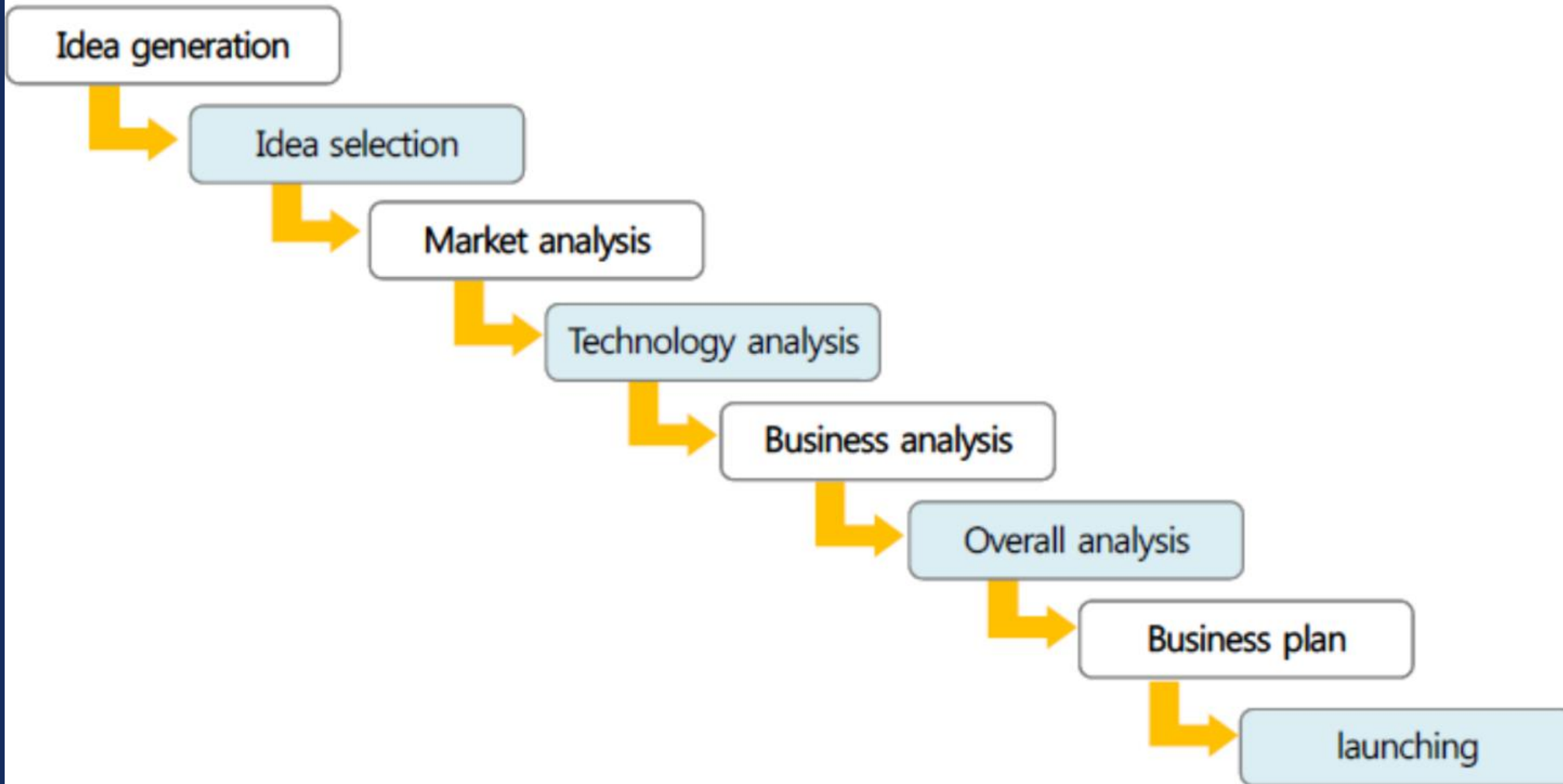
$$\text{Return} = \frac{\text{Impact}}{\text{Investment}} = \frac{\text{Impact Change}}{\text{Change}} \times \frac{\text{Change}}{\text{Investment}}$$

Leverage
Productivity

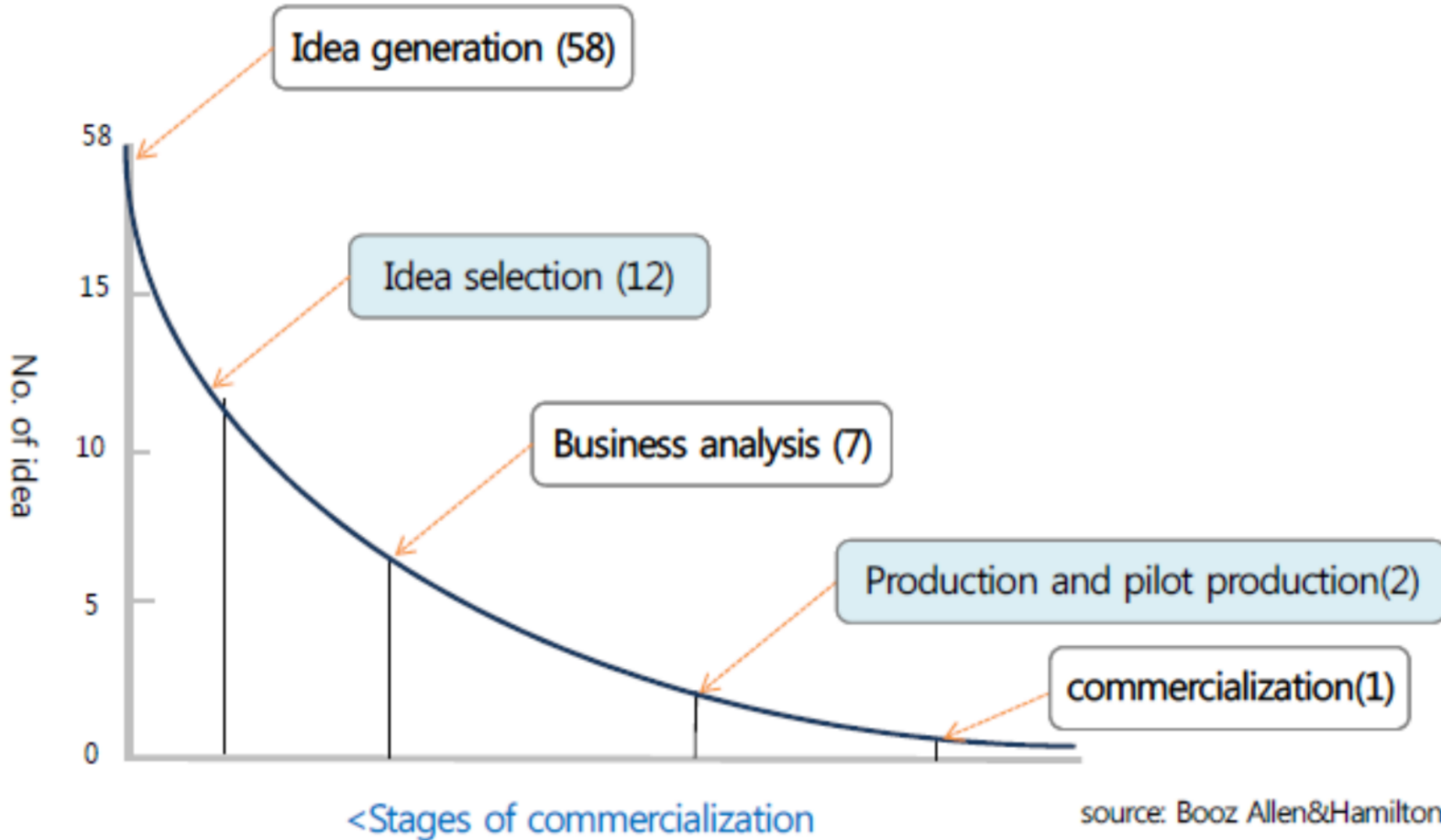
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From Idea to Business



From Idea to Business



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Research and Development VS. Research and Business Development



4



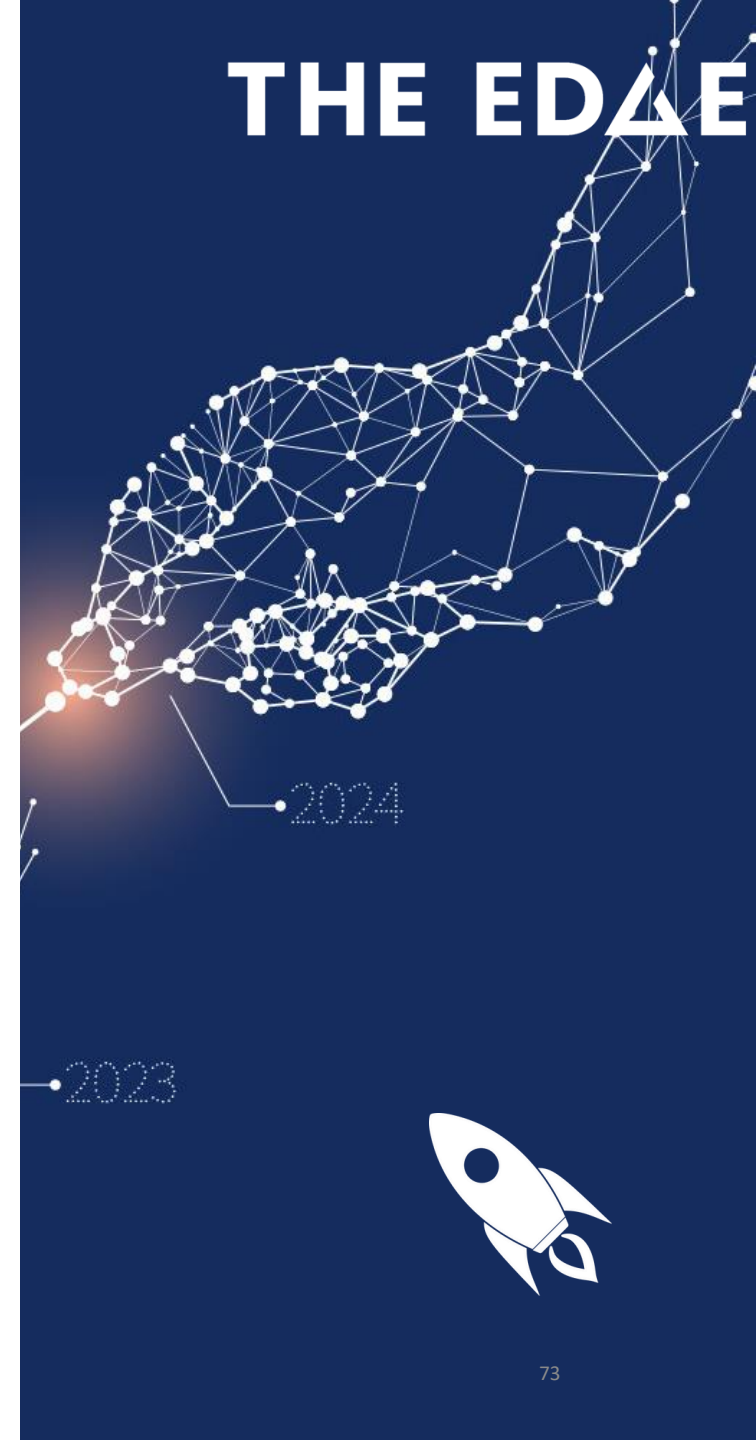
Technology Commercialization

Technology Transfer
(Licensing for use of
the technology)

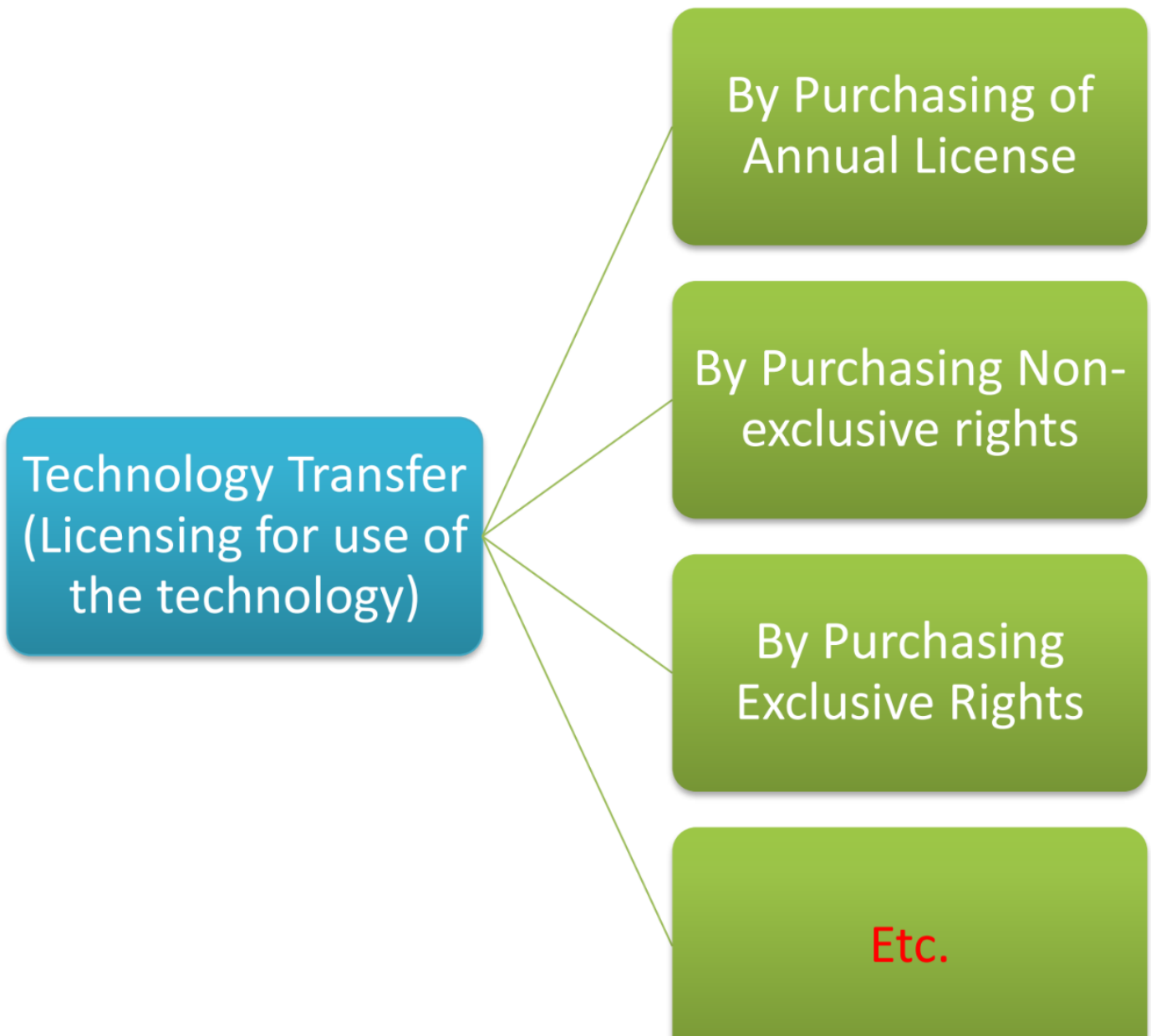
New
Product/Service
Development

Start-up company
development

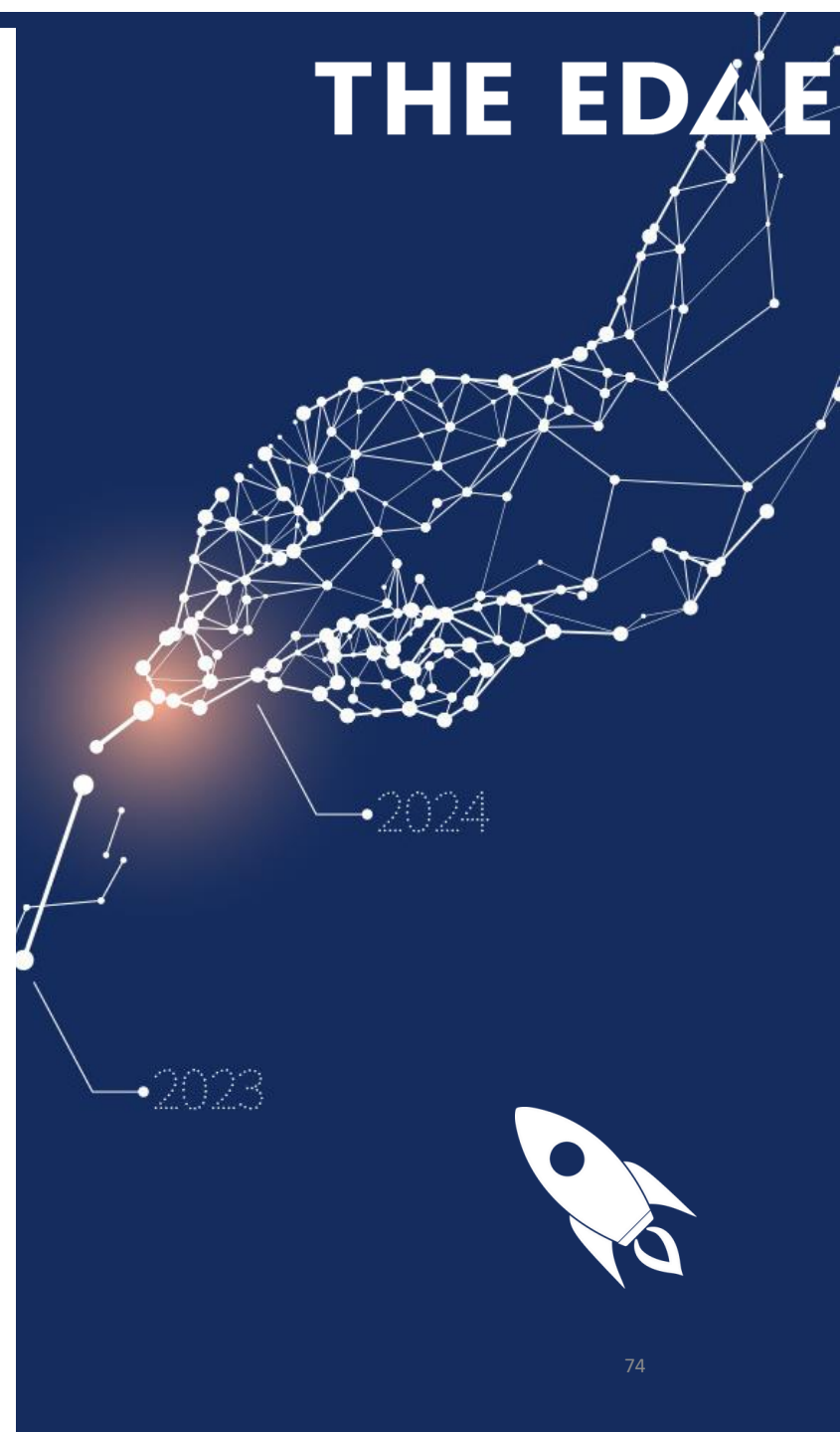
Spin-off company
development



Technology Commercialization



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IP is most of what a company has (other than people)

- Note: execution requires:
 - Doing something the right way (knowledge)
 - Knowing what to measure (knowledge)
 - Learning from your successes and mistakes (knowledge)
- IP (=non-tangible/intellectual assets) is used to protect both execution and ideas
- Many high value companies and most startups have most of their value tied to intangible assets - IP or things that can be protected by IP
 - How many hotel rooms does AirBNB have?
 - How many Cars does Uber have?

Where does IP come from? Lots of places!

- Data
- Discovery
- Problem
- Solution
- Opportunity
- Insight
- Component
- Reframe
- Product
- Clients
- Vision
- Business need
- Competitive advantage
- Marketing & Sales
- Competitors
- Sometimes, the IP department

When one of these happens, there may be valuable IP waiting for you to create/protect



Not as common as it should be: Management

Some examples I have seen:

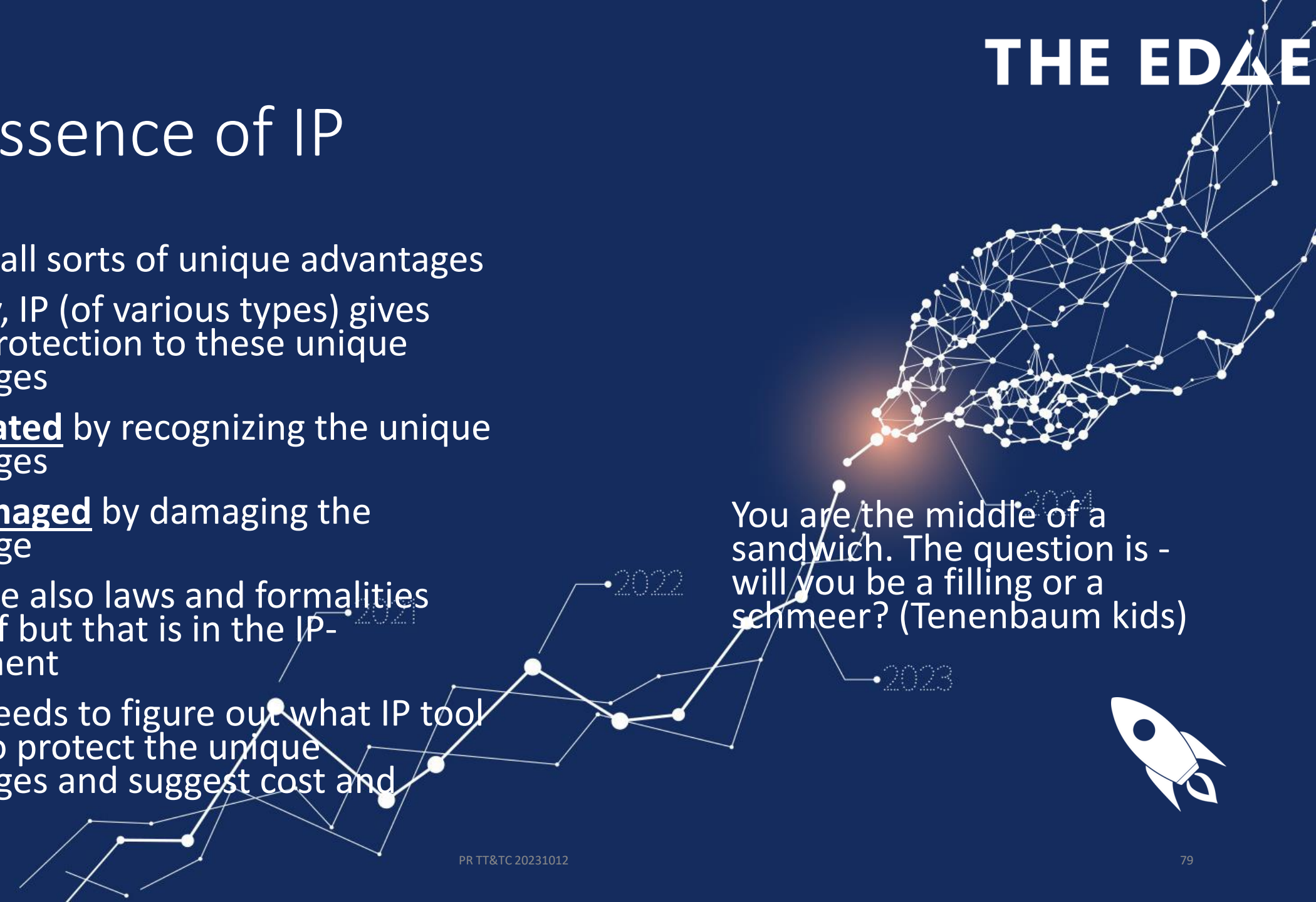
- CEO vision is entering a new market or creating a new category
- R&D Dept. is tasked with developing new products
- IP Dept. can be tasked with obtaining (buying or creating) IP even before R&D is underway
- BI Dept. identifies competitors
- IP Dept. can be tasked with obtaining IP to block competition or as a trading card
- Board identifies potential strategic partners
- IP Dept. can be tasked with obtaining IP which will appeal to or capture such partners

Summary by Steve Jobs

- “The hardest thing is: how does that fit into a cohesive, larger vision, that’s going to allow you to sell 8 billion dollars, 10 billion dollars of product a year? And, one of the things I’ve always found is that you’ve got to start with the customer experience and work backwards for the technology. You can’t start with the technology and try to figure out where you’re going to try to sell it. And I made this mistake probably more than anybody else in this room. And I got the scar tissue to prove it. And I know that it’s the case.”
- And as we have tried to come up with a strategy and a vision for Apple, it started with **“What incredible benefits can we give to the customer? Where can we take the customer?”** Not starting with “Let’s sit down with the engineers and figure out what awesome technology we have and then how are we going to market that?” And I think that’s the right path to take.”

The essence of IP

- We saw all sorts of unique advantages
- Basically, IP (of various types) gives (legal) protection to these unique advantages
- IP is created by recognizing the unique advantages
- IP is damaged by damaging the advantage
- There are also laws and formalities and stuff but that is in the IP-department
- IP guy needs to figure out what IP tool to use to protect the unique advantages and suggest cost and value



You are the middle of a sandwich. The question is - will you be a filling or a schmeer? (Tenenbaum kids)

For some IP, we do not have laws that are spot on

- Trust - a bit like a brand
- Data - maybe a secret
- Insight
- Understanding of a problem - sometimes a secret
- Know-How's friends: Know-What, Know-Why, Know-who
- **BUT THEY ARE STILL IP**



Why is IP difficult

- Mindset
 - Negative rights
 - How do you build with negative energy?
 - Partials
 - Of protection
 - Of product
 - Anti-theft
 - Security mindset
- Strategic
- Easily lost & copied
- Complex and arcane: options, enablement, scope
- Is an agreement with the government, with *not quite* the same interest
- IP is probabilistic

The so-what of IP

- IP is a tool we used to leverage the unique advantages
- Call it “strategy”
- Lets see some ways in which IP tools are used to leverage the unique advantages of the company as part of a business strategy
- Of course, understanding the tools and how they might be used gives insight into additional possible strategies

- After IP comes wisdom
(Gene V. Vinokur)

“Ideas are cheap and abundant. What is of value is the effective placement of those ideas into situations that develop into action.”
(Peter Drucker)

Some IP happy moments - let's make more

- IP is ready when the company decides to pivot
- Royalties from competitor/3rd party
- Being bought because IP prevents buying another
- Being alone in the field because people tell you they are scared of IP
- Somebody offering a JV due to your IP
- Selling a technology/company division at a higher value due to IP
- Investor investing because of IP status, in spite of other issues



TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL



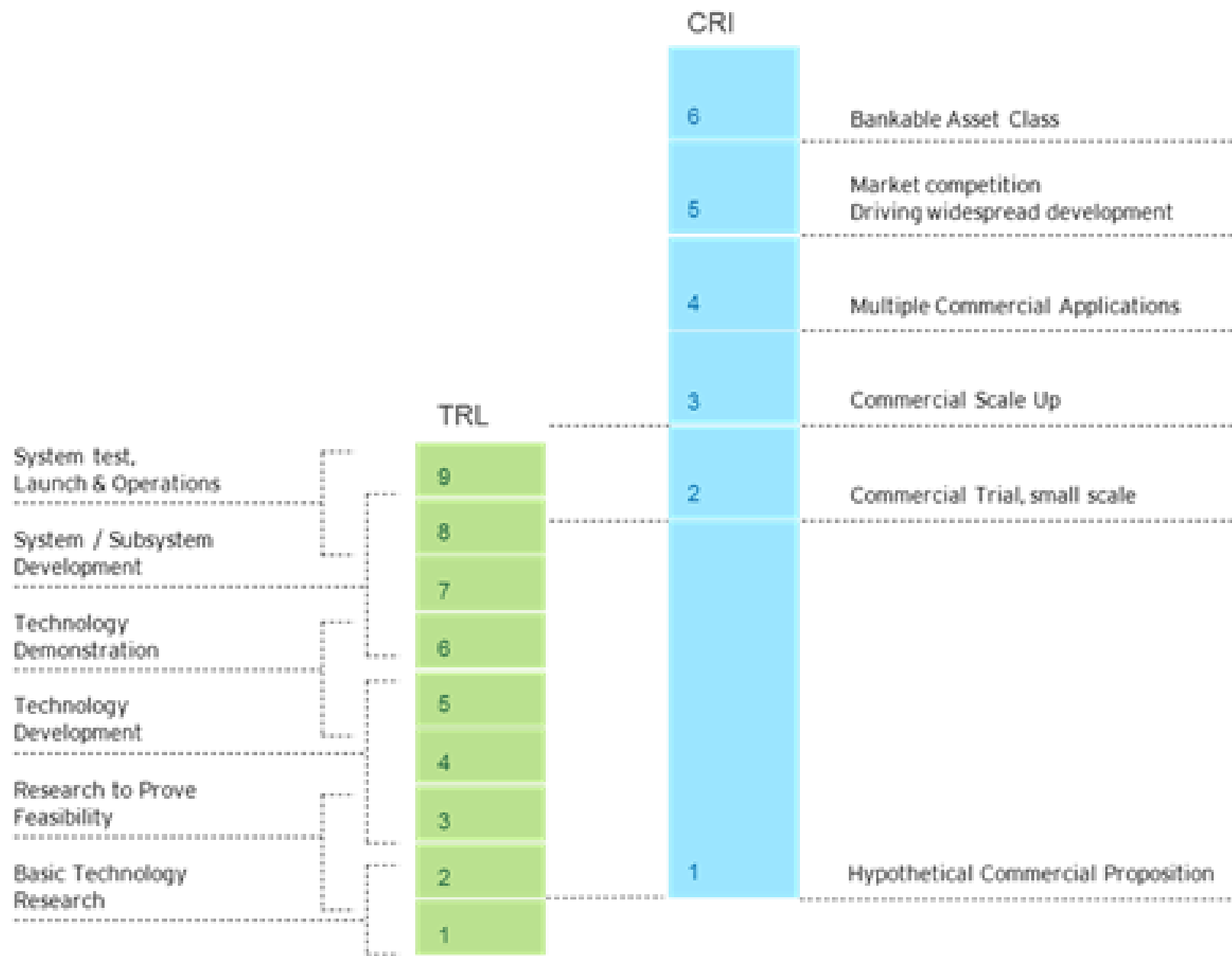
HUMAN READINESS LEVEL



MANUFACTURING READINESS LEVEL



Source: ©POLE EMC2 - 2019



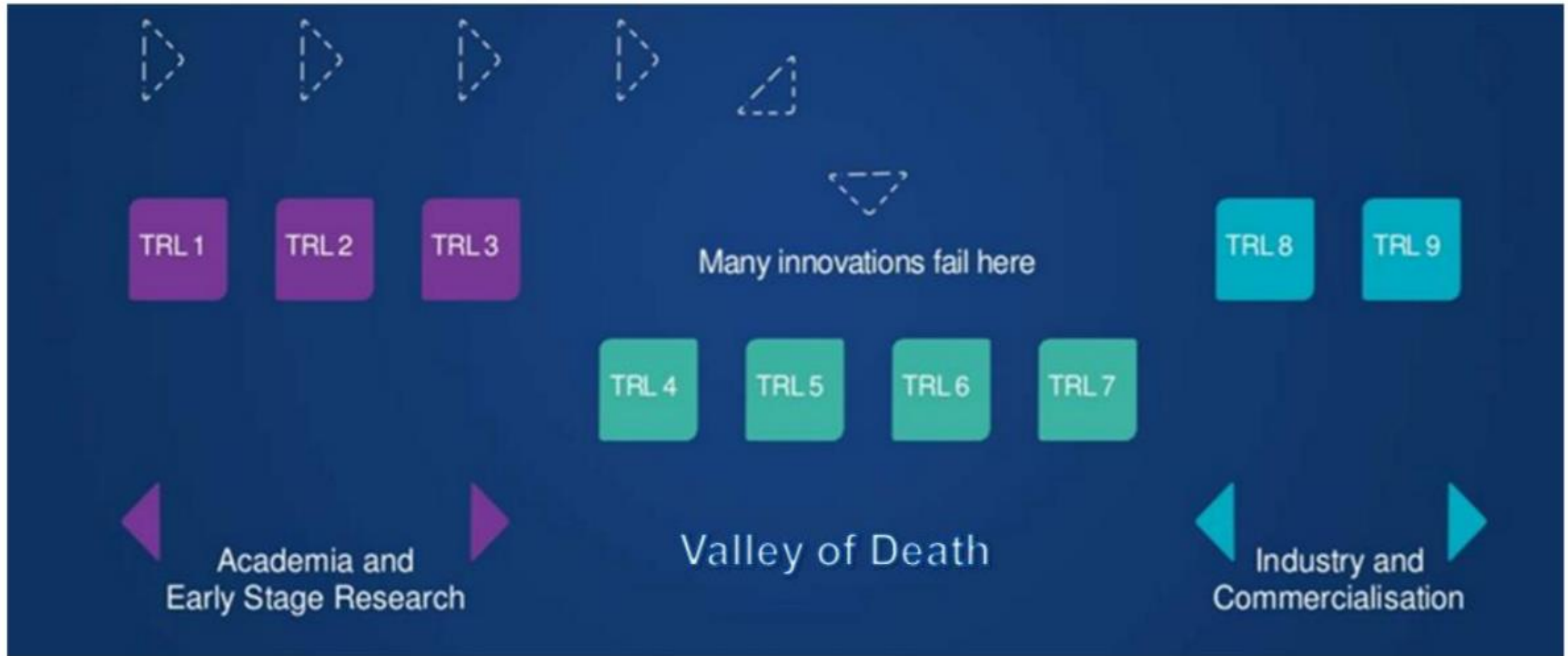


Figure 2: Technology Readiness Levels and Valley of Death, (Mayfield, 2014)



"I lost some intellectual property here last night. Anybody remember what the hell I was talking about?"



4. Институции и източници на информация

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- PATENT OFFICE of the Republic of Bulgaria
- EPO
- WIPO
- Clarivate/Derwent
- Universities
- Companies
- ...





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bpo.bg/bg/obekti


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Начало За нас **Обекти на ИС** Регистри Тарифи Електронен калкулатор Публикации Събития Малки и средни предприятия

Обекти на ИС


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Патенти за изобретения




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Полезни модели



[Електронни услуги за полезни модели](#)

Марки



[Електронни услуги за марки](#)

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Приемам

IP_sme_scoreboar....pdf Show all

46°F Fog БГР 10:29

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The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `euiipo.europa.eu/knowledge/course/view.php?id=4528#section-2`. The browser's address bar and tabs are visible at the top. The page header features the EUIPO logo (European Union Intellectual Property Office) on the left and the text 'ACADEMY LEARNING PORTAL' on the right. Below the header is a navigation bar with 'CATALOGUE', 'ABOUT US', and 'ENGLISH (EN)'. A user profile dropdown for 'Petko Ruskov' is also present. A left sidebar contains a list of course sections: 'IP for business advisers', 'Badges', 'Grades', 'Introduction', 'Case studies', 'Facts about IP', 'Put it into practice!', and 'Feedback'. The main content area displays the course title 'IP for business advisers' with a settings gear icon. Below the title is a breadcrumb trail: 'My courses' > 'INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY' > 'GENERAL IP KNOWLEDGE' > 'IP for business advisers'. The central part of the page features a large text block: 'Welcome - Bienvenido - Bienvenue - Benvenuto - Willkommen !'. To the right of this text is a shield-shaped graphic divided into five colored segments, each containing a different icon representing various aspects of intellectual property or business. At the bottom right of the main content area, there is a 'Need help?' link with a flag icon.


Search

IP Helpdesk

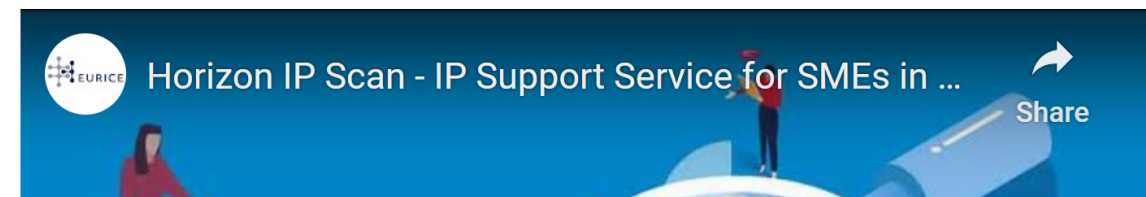
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Home > Services > Horizon IP Scan

Horizon IP Scan

Helping SMEs manage and valorise Intellectual Property (IP) in R&I collaborations.

Horizon IP Scan is a tailored, free-of-charge, first-line IP support service provided by the European Commission specifically designed to help European start-ups and other SMEs involved in EU-funded collaborative research projects to efficiently manage and valorise IP in collaborative R&I



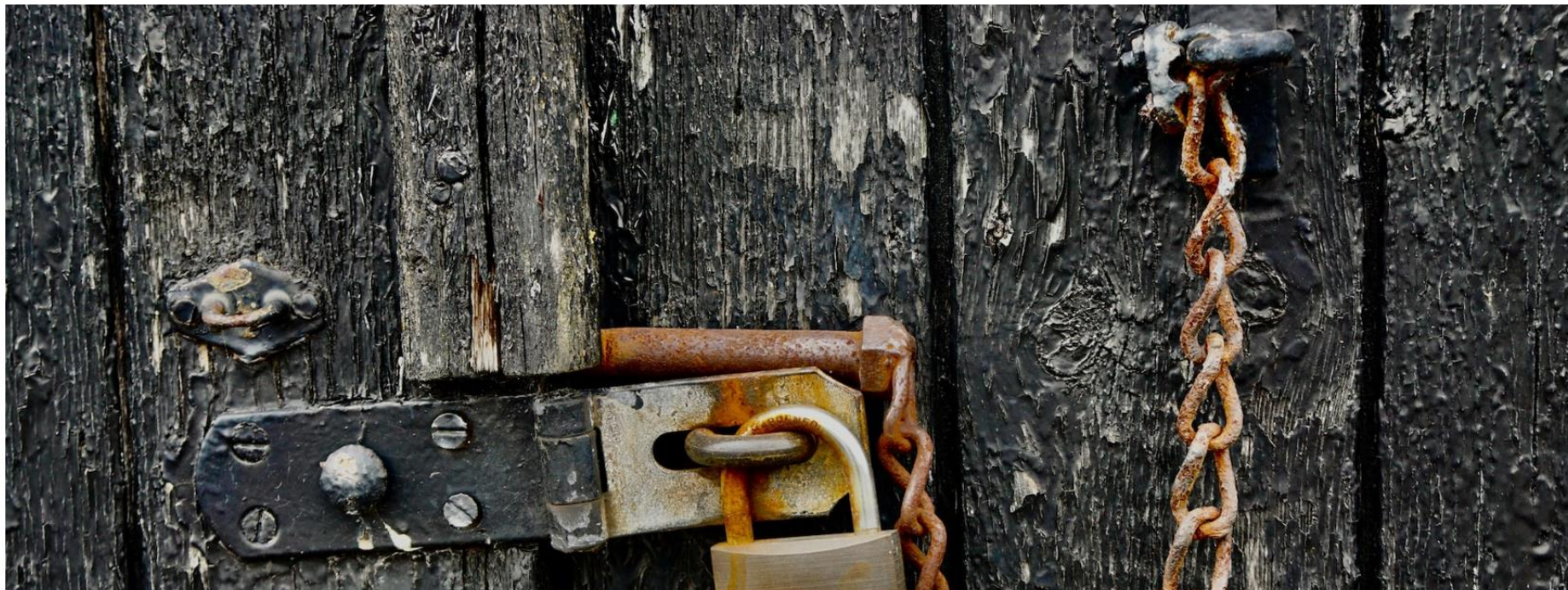
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NEWS ARTICLE | 5 October 2023 | European Innovation Council and SMEs Executive Agency

Safeguarding trade secrets in Horizon Europe



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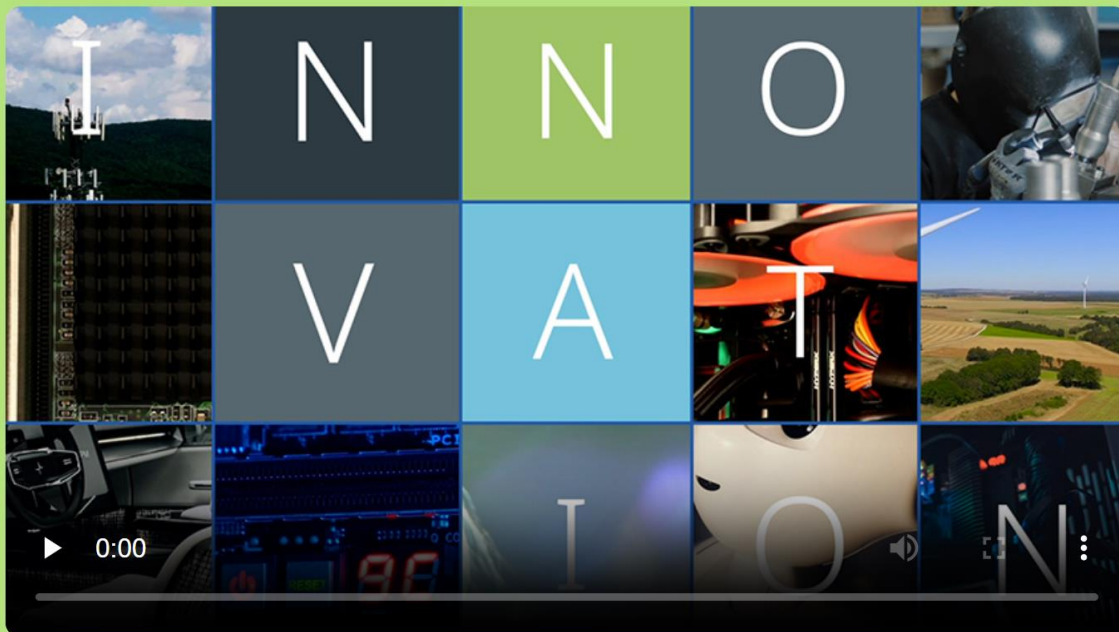
English ▾



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Global Innovation Index 2023 Points to Uncertain Future for Innovation Funding

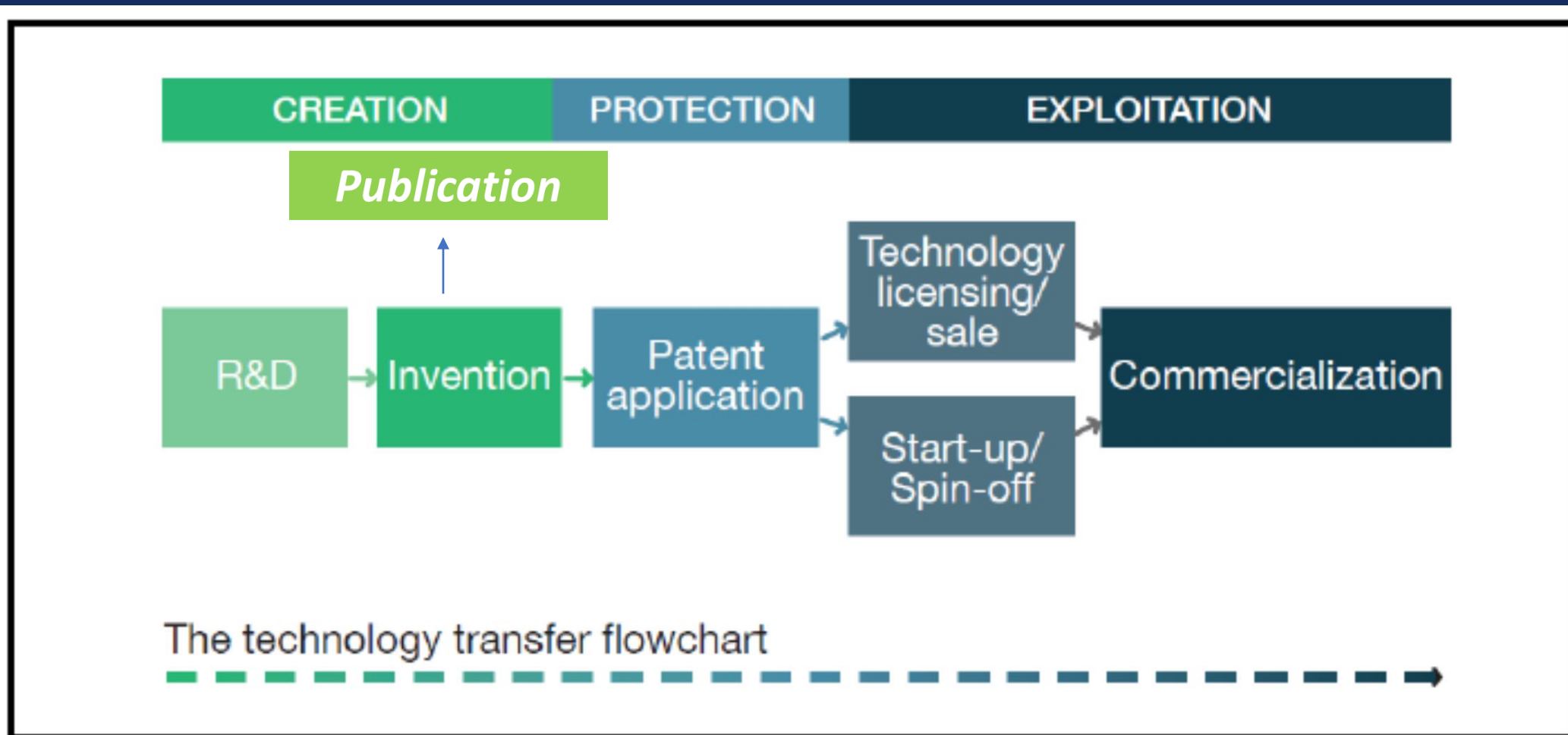


FIGURE 5: WIPO UNIVERSITY INITIATIVE PROGRAM

Source: WIPO University Initiative Program²⁷





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The activities of the Technology Transfer Office (TTO) cover the following main areas:

- Technology transfer of research results through marketing of research results, and organisation of meetings between developers and users of technology, seminars, conferences, and training courses;
- Consulting in intellectual property protection;
- Training in commercialization of research results;
- Developing methodologies and training materials on:
 - Protection of scientific results with the help of intellectual property rights;
 - Marketing research results using the most effective forms of technology transfer (licensing, franchising, establishing joint ventures, joint research and more);
 - Commercialization of research results and establishing /spinning-off of new businesses;
- Finding sources for funding innovative projects;



Information services

Technology Transfer Office "ICTEE" has taken part in the establishment of a network of innovation centers, technology transfer offices and innovative companies, titled "**Bulgarian Technology Transfer Network (BTTN)**". The Network was established by the "GIS Transfer Centre" Foundation on 23 April 2013. The Network's cofounders are:

- ▶ GIS-TC1 "Technology transfer of the Institute of Mechanics";
- ▶ GIS-TC2 "Renewable energy sources and energy efficiency";
- ▶ GIS-TC3 "Geospace modeling and prognosis";
- ▶ GIS-TC4 "Gene engineering in medicine and ecology";
- ▶ GIS-TC5 "Biochemical technology for effective and ecological agriculture";
- ▶ GIS-TC6 "Electro energy automation";
- ▶ GIS-TC7 "Sustainable planning of territories and energy efficiency architecture";
- ▶ GIS-TC8 "Innovative management";
- ▶ GIS-TC9 Office for technology transfer, Bourgas;
- ▶ GIS-TC10 "Food and Cosmetic Technology", Plovdiv;
- ▶ GIS-TC11 "Healthcare Information Technologies";
- ▶ GIS-TC12 Steinbeis-Transfer-Institut "Business, Engineering and Technology - Bulgaria";
- ▶ GIS-TC13 "Transport management and smart transport vehicles";
- ▶ Technology Transfer Centre "Sofia University";
- ▶ TTO "PROINO";
- ▶ TTO "Risk Space Transfer";
- ▶ TTO "Bioinnovative Pool";
- ▶ TTO "Genome Centre";
- ▶ TTO "ReproBioMed";
- ▶ OTTO "University of Agribusiness and Rural Development";
- ▶ TTO "Scientific-Technical Union of Mechanical Engineering".

Bulgarian Network for Technology Transfer (BNTT)



The Network

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Tom Hockaday from Isis Innovation.

By [Tom Hockaday](#)



Tom Hockaday is Managing Director of Isis Innovation, Oxford University, and a winner of a Science|Business ACES award.

Universities face a choice in deciding whether the technology transfer office should be part of the administration, or a separate company. There are then subsequent choices in terms of strategic alliances with partners and selling shares in a TTO if it is a company.

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Bruce Hunter
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**Thank
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